

ALVAS INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY, MIJAR, MOODBIDRI

Department of Electronics and Communication Engineering

POWER ELECTRONICS [10EC73] – 7th Sem 'A' & 'B' Section

Faculty In-charge: Mrs. Jyothi Pramal & Ms. Prithvi P Shetty

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Time: 1½ Hour

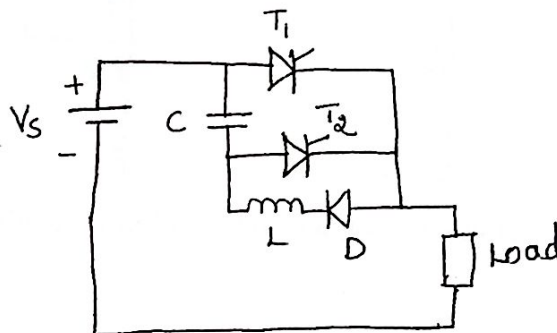
Max.marks:50

II- Internal (27/10/16)

Note: Answer any Two Full questions in each Part.

PART-A

1. a) Explain two transistor model of thyristor and derive an expression for anode current in terms of the current gain α_1 and α_2 of the transistors. 7.5M
b) Distinguish between natural and forced commutation. 5M
2. a) With a neat figure explain the dynamic turn-on and turn-off characteristics. 8M
b) In an auxiliary commutation circuit, the battery voltage is 100V. Maximum load current is 40A and thyristor turn-off time is 40µsec. Assume 50% tolerance on turn off time. Find L and C of commutation circuit. 4.5M



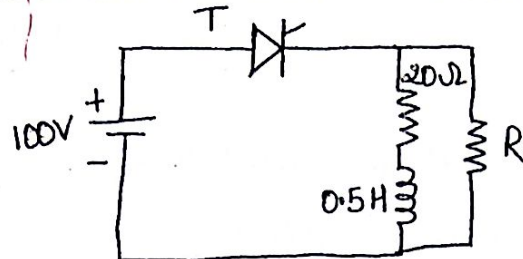
3. a) Briefly explain di/dt and dv/dt protection of SCR. 5.5M
b) With the neat circuit diagram and waveforms, explain resonant pulse commutation. 7M

PART- B

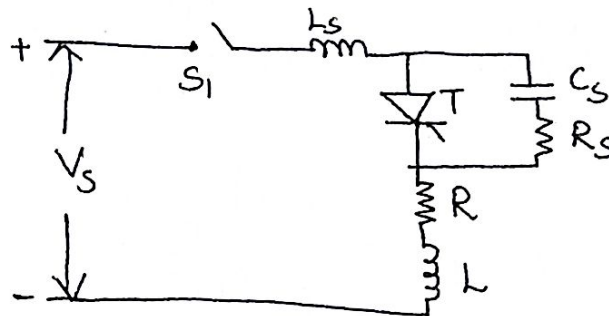
4. a) With the necessary circuit diagram and waveform, explain the operation of complementary commutation. 8M
b) State the conditions to be satisfied for proper turn-off of SCR. 4.5M

(P.T.O)

5. a) With the neat circuit diagram and waveform, explain the auxiliary voltage commutation. 8M
 b) In the thyristor circuit shown in Fig below, the SCR has a latching current of 50mA and is fired by a pulse of length 50 μ sec. Show that without the resistor R, the thyristor will fail to remain on when the firing pulse ends and then find the maximum value of R to ensure firing. 4.5M



6. a) The input voltage Fig below is $V_s=200V$ with load resistance of $R=5\Omega$. The load and stray inductances are negligible and the thyristor is operated at a frequency of $f_s=2kHz$. If the required dv/dt is 100V/ μ s and the discharge current is limited to 100A. Determine i) the values of R_s and C_s ii) the snubber loss, and iii) the power rating of the snubber resistor. 7M



- b) With the neat circuit diagram and waveforms, explain resistor triggering circuit 5.5M

*****GOOD LUCK*****

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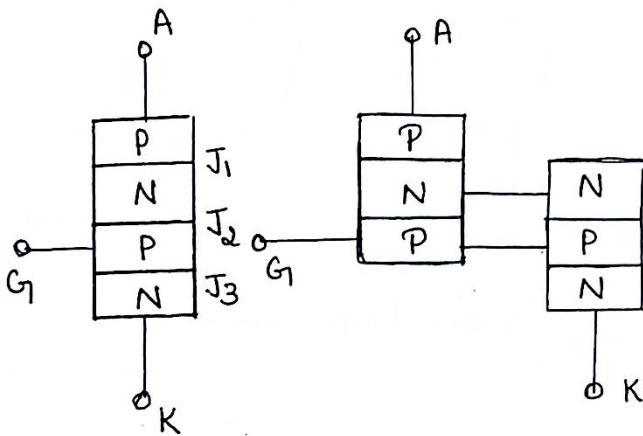
Time : 1½ Hour

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11- Internal (27/10/16)

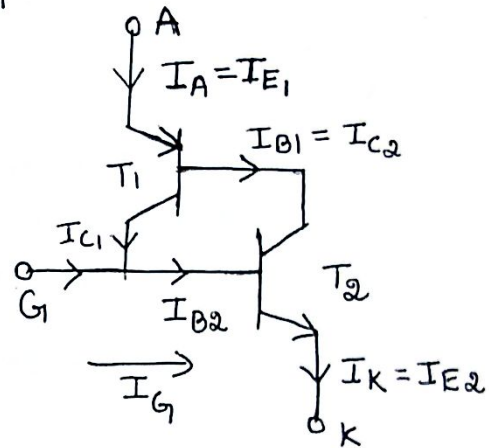
Note : Answer any Two Full questions in each Part.

Part-A



Structure
 ↓
 IM

split section
 ↓
 IM



Two Transistor model
 of SCR ↓ 1.5M

$$I_C = \alpha I_E + I_{CBO} \dots (1) \quad \text{--- 0.5M}$$

Common base current gain, $\alpha \approx \frac{I_C}{I_E}$

$$\text{For } T_1, I_{C1} = \alpha_1 I_A + I_{CBO1} \dots (2) \quad \text{--- 0.5M}$$

$$\text{For } T_2, I_{C2} = \alpha_2 I_K + I_{CBO2} \dots (3) \quad \text{--- 0.5M}$$

$$I_K = I_A + I_{G1} \dots (4) \quad \text{--- 0.5M}$$

$$I_{C2} = \alpha_2 (I_A + I_{G1}) + I_{CBO2} \dots (5) \quad \text{--- 0.5M}$$

$$I_A = I_{C1} + I_{C2} \quad \text{--- 0.5M}$$

Adding eq (2) & (5)

$$I_A = \alpha_1 I_A + I_{CBO1} + \alpha_2 (I_A + I_{G1}) + I_{CBO2}$$

$$I_A [1 - (\alpha_1 + \alpha_2)] = \alpha_2 I_{G1} + I_{CBO1} + I_{CBO2}$$

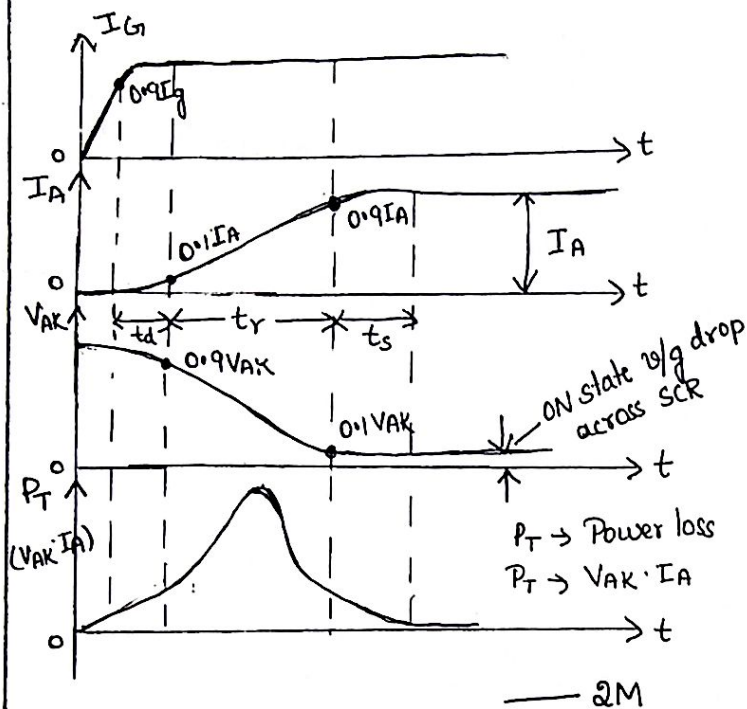
$$I_A = \frac{\alpha_2 I_{G1} + (I_{CBO1} + I_{CBO2})}{1 - (\alpha_1 + \alpha_2)} \quad \text{IM}$$

Total Marks → 75

b) Difference b/w Natural & Forced Commutation — 5M

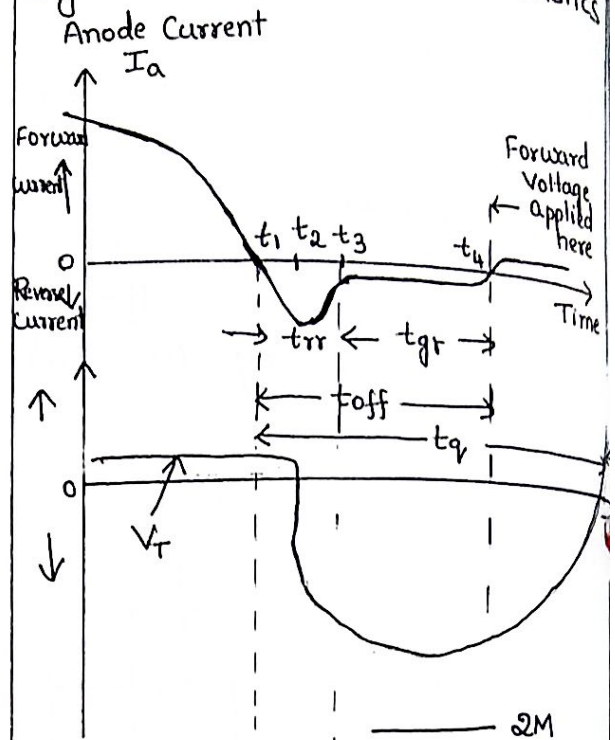
Total → 5 Marks

a) Dynamic Turn-ON Characteristics



Explanation — 2M

Dynamic Turn-OFF Characteristics



Explanation — 2M

Total → 8 Marks

2b) Solution

Value of Capacitor is given by $C = \frac{I_o t_{off}}{E_{dc}}$ — 0.5M

Since there is 50% tolerance on turn off time

$$C = \frac{I_o (t_{off} + \Delta t_{off})}{E_{dc}} \quad \text{— 1M}$$

$$= \frac{40(40 \times 10^{-6} + 0.5 \times 40 \times 10^{-6})}{100}$$

$$= \underline{24 \mu F} \quad \text{— 1M}$$

Inductor Value

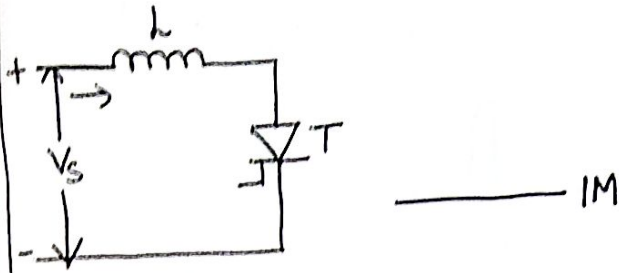
$$L = \left[\frac{E_{dc}}{I_o} \right]^2 C \quad \text{— 1M}$$

$$= \left[\frac{100}{40} \right]^2 \times 24 \times 10^{-6}$$

$$= \underline{0.15 mH} \quad \text{— 1M}$$

Total → 4.5 Marks

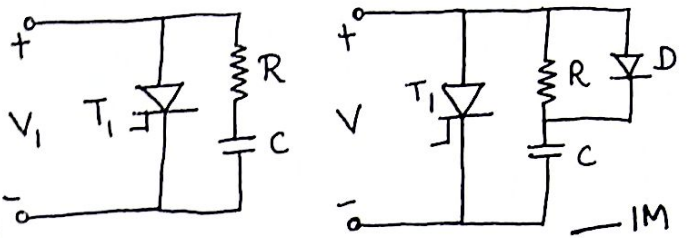
$\frac{di}{dt}$ Protection



$$L_s \geq \frac{V_s}{\frac{di}{dt}} \quad \left[\begin{array}{l} V_s = L_s \frac{di}{dt} \\ \frac{di}{dt} = \frac{V_s}{L_s} \end{array} \right] \quad \text{--- 0.5M}$$

Explanation --- 1M

$\frac{dv}{dt}$ Protection



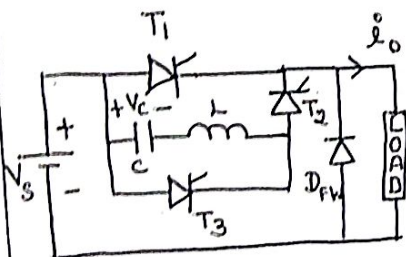
$$C = \frac{1}{2L} \left[\frac{0.564 V_m}{\frac{dv}{dt}} \right]^2 \quad \text{--- 1M}$$

$$R = 25 \sqrt{\frac{L}{C}}$$

Explanation --- 1M

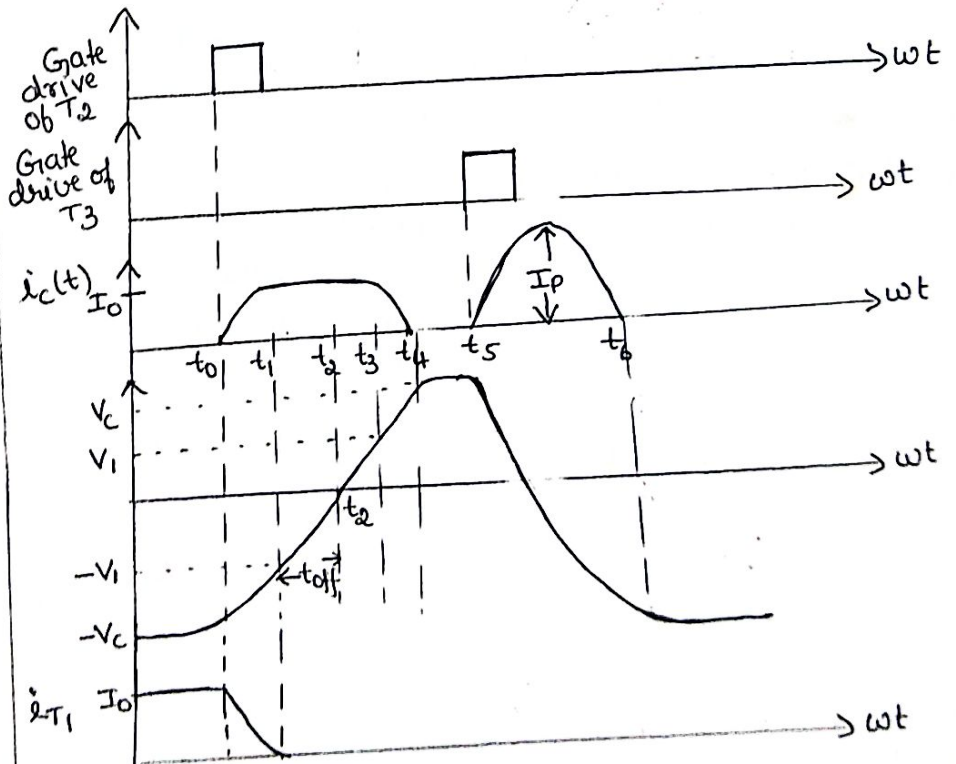
Total → 5.5 Marks

3b)



--- 1.5M

Explanation --- 2.5M

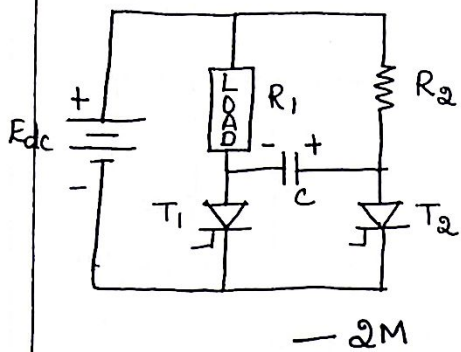


--- 3M

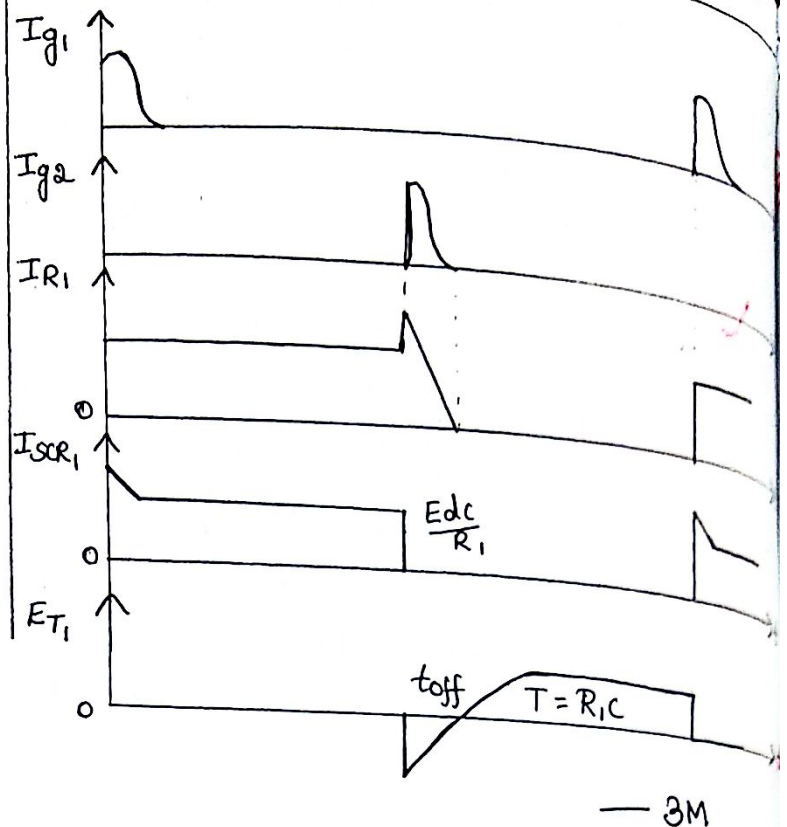
Total → 7 Marks

Part B

4a)



Explanation — 3M



Total → 8 Marks

b Conditions for Successful turn off

— 4.5M

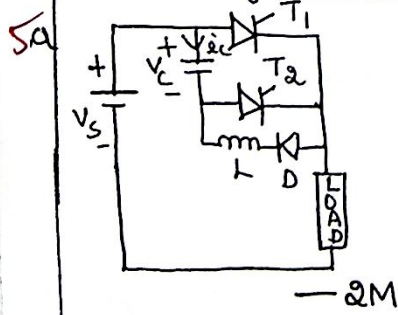
(i) A-K current of SCR must be reduced below I_H value

Total → 4.5 Marks

(ii) As long as SCR turns-off, A-K voltage must be reversed.

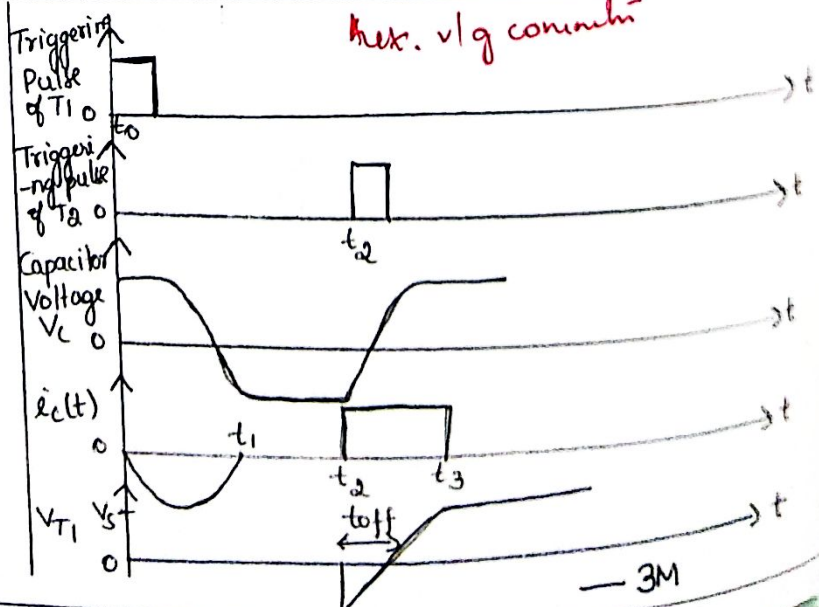
(iii) The rate of change of anode-cathode voltage must be less than $\frac{dv}{dt}$ rating of SCR to avoid retriggering.

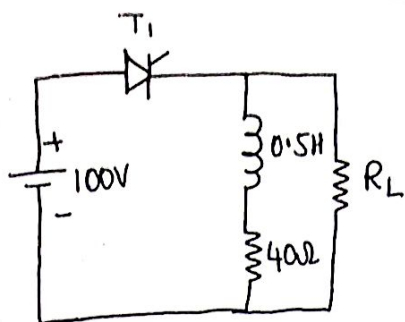
(iv) Above Conditions must be imposed till the SCR regains its forward blocking voltage capability.



Explanation — 3M

Total → 8 Marks





$$i(t) = \frac{V_s}{R} (1 - e^{-tR/L}) \quad \text{--- 1M}$$

$$= \frac{100}{40} (1 - e^{-\frac{50 \times 10^{-6} \times 40}{0.5}})$$

$$i(t) = 10\text{mA} < 50\text{mA} \quad \text{--- 1M}$$

Hence thyristor fails to remain ON when the gating pulse ends. 0.5M

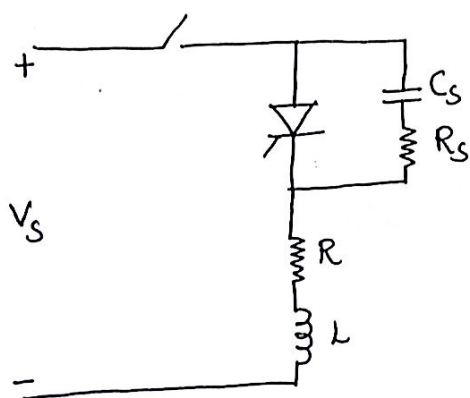
$$\text{Maximum value of } R_L = \frac{V_s}{I} \quad \text{--- 1M}$$

$$= \frac{100}{40 \times 10^{-3}}$$

$$= 2.5\text{k}\Omega \quad \text{--- 1M}$$

Total → 4.5 Marks

3a)



$$(a) \frac{dv}{dt} = \frac{0.632RV_s}{C_s(R_s + R)^2} \quad \text{--- 1M}$$

$$R_s = \frac{V_s}{I_D} = R_s = \frac{200}{100} \quad \text{--- 1M}$$

$$= 2\Omega \quad \text{--- 0.5M}$$

$$100 \times 10^{-6} = \frac{0.632 \times 5 \times 200}{C_s(2+5)^2}$$

$$C_s = 0.129\mu\text{F} \quad \text{--- 1M}$$

$$(b) \text{ Snubber loss } P_s = 0.5C_sV_s^2f_s \quad \text{--- 1M}$$

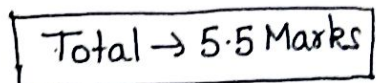
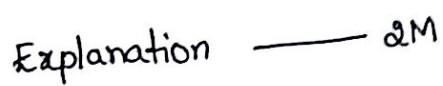
$$= 0.5(200)^2 \times 0.129 \times 10^{-6} \times 2 \times 10^3$$

$$= 5.2\text{W} \quad \text{--- 1M}$$

(c) Assuming that all the energy stored in C_s is dissipated in R_s only, the power rating of the Snubber resistor is 5.2W 1.5M

Total → 7 Marks

6b Resistance firing circuit (R-firing):



D.V. 9 24/10/16.