- Entrepreneurship Development and Management Vasant Desai Himalaya Publishing House 2007
- Entrepreneurship-Theory and Practice Raj Shankar Vijay Nicole Imprints Pvt. Ltd 2006
- Entrepreneurship Rajiv Roy 2/e Oxford University Press 2011
- Entrepreneurship-Principles and Practices Kurakto 7/e Thomson Publication 2007

SEMESTER III MARKETING SPECIALISATION

CONSUMER BEHAVIOR

Subject Code : 16MBA MM301 IA Marks : 20

Number of Lecture Hours/Week: 03 Exam Hours: 03

Number of Lecture Hours : 56 Exam Marks: 80

Practical Component : 02 Hours/ Week

Objectives:

- To understand the concept of consumer behavior, decision making by consumers, behavioral variables and its influences on consumer behavior.
- To comprehend the social and cultural dimensions of consumer behavior.
- To provide an insight of the psychological and behavioral concepts of consumers.

Outcomes:

The student should be able to:

- Explain the background and concepts vital for understanding Consumer Behaviour.
- > Identify the role of variables that determines Consumer Behaviour in Social &culturaldomain.
- ➤ Identifying the psychological and behavioral practices adopted by organizations to enhance the ConsumerBehaviour.

Unit 1: (5 Hours)

Introduction to the study of Consumer Behaviour: Meaning & Definition of CB, Difference between consumer & Customer, Nature & characteristics of Indian Consumers, Consumer Movement in India, Rights & Responsibilities of consumers in India, Benefits of consumerism.

Unit 2: (9 Hours)

Role of Research in understanding consumer behaviour: Consumer Research: Consumer Research Paradigms (Qualitative & Quantitative Research Methods) Developing research objectives, collecting secondary data, designing primary research, data analysis and reporting research findings.

Models of Consumer Behaviour: Input-Process-Output Model, Nicosia Model, Howard Sheth Model, Engel-Kollat-Blackwell Models of Consumer Behaviour, Internal Influences: Motivation, Personality, Perception, Learning, Attitude, Communications, External Influences: Social Class, Culture, REFERENCE Groups, Family members.

Levels of Consumer Decision Making – Consumer Buying Decision Process, Complex Decision Making or Extensive Problem Solving Model, Low Involvement Decision Making or Limited Problem Solving Model, Routinised Response Behaviour, Four views of consumer decision making. On-line Decision Making: Meaning & Process/Stages

Situational Influences- Nature of Situational Influence (The communication Situation, The Purchase Situation, The usage situation, The disposition situation) Situational Characteristics and consumption behaviour (Physical features, Social Surroundings, Temporal Perspectives, Task Definition, Antecedent States.)

Unit 3: (10 Hours)

Individual Influences on Consumer Behaviour and CRM: Part 1

A) Motivation: Basics of Motivation, Needs, Goals, Positive & Negative Motivation, Rational Vs Emotional motives, Motivation Process, Arousal of motives, Selection of goals.

Motivation Theories and Marketing Strategy - Maslow's Hierarchy of Needs, McGuire's Psychological Motives (Cognitive Preservation Motives, Cognitive Growth Motives, Affective Preservation Motives, Affective Growth Motives).

- **B)** Personality: Basics of Personality, Theories of Personality and Marketing Strategy (Freudian Theory, Neo-Freudian Theory, Trait Theory), Applications of Personality concepts in Marketing, Personality and understanding consumer diversity (Consumer Innovativeness and related personality traits, Cognitive personality factors, Consumer Materialism, Consumer Ethnocentrisms), Brand Personality (Brand Personification, Gender, Geography, Colour), Self and Self-Image (One or Multiple selves, The extended self, Altering the self).
- C) **Perception:** Basics of Perception & Marketing implications, Elements of Perception (Sensation, Absolute Threshold, Differential Threshold, Subliminal Perception),

Dynamics of Perception (Perceptual Selection, Perceptual Interpretation, Perceptual Organization ,perceived price, perceived quality, price/quality relationship, Perceived Risk, Types of risk, How consumers' handle risk.

Customer Relationship Management

Meaning & Significance of CRM, Types of CRM (Operational, Collaborative, Analytical), Strategies for building relationship marketing, e-CRM, Meaning, Importance of e-CRM, Difference Between CRM & e-CRM

Unit 4: (08 Hours)

Individual Influences on Consumer Behaviour: Part 2

- **A)** Learning: Elements of Consumer Learning, Motivation, Cues, Response, Reinforcement, Marketing Applications of Behavioural Learning Theories, Classical Conditioning Pavlovian Model, Neo-Pavlovian Model), Instrumental Conditioning, Elaboration Likelihood Model.
- **B)** Attitude: Basics of attitude, the nature of attitude, Models of Attitude and Marketing Implication, (Tri-component Model of attitude, Multi attribute attitude models.
- C) Persuasive Communication: Communications strategy, Target Audience, Media Strategy, Message strategies, Message structure and presentation.

Unit 5: (12 Hours)

External Influences on Consumer Behaviour

Social Class: Social Class Basics, What is Social Class? (Social class & Social status, the dynamics of status consumption, Features of Social Class, Five Social-Class Categories in India

Culture and Subculture - Major Focus on Indian Perspective

Culture: Basics, Meaning, Characteristics, Factors affecting culture, Role of customs, values and beliefs in Consumer Behaviour.

Subculture: Meaning, Subculture division and consumption pattern in India, Types of subcultures

Cross-cultural consumer analysis: Similarities and differences among people, the growing global middle class; Acculturation is a needed marketing viewpoint, applying research techniques Cross-cultural marketing strategy: Cross-cultural marketing problems in India, Strategies to overcome cross-cultural problems.

Groups: Meaning and Nature of Groups, Types

Family: The changing structure of family, Family decision making and consumption related roles, Key family consumption roles, Dynamics of husband-wife decision making, The expanding role of children in family decision making, The family life cycle & marketing strategy, Traditional family life cycle & marketing implications,

Reference Groups: Understanding the power & benefits of reference groups, A broadened perspective on referencegroups, Factors that affect reference group influence, Types of reference groups, Friendshipgroups, Shopping groups, Work groups, Virtual groups, Consumer-action groups, referencegroup appeals, Celebrities.

Unit 6: (08 Hours)

Consumer Influence and Diffusion of Innovations

Opinion Leadership: Dynamics of opinion leadership process, Measurement of opinion leadership, Market Mavens, Opinion Leadership & Marketing Strategy, Creation of Opinion Leaders

Diffusion of Innovations: Diffusion Process (Innovation, Communication channels, Social System, Time) Adoption Process: Stages, categories of adopters Post Purchase Processes: Post Purchase Processes, Customer Satisfaction, and customer commitment: Post purchase dissonance, Product use and non use, Disposition, Product disposition.

Case studies in Indian context only

(04 Hours)

Practical Component:

- Students can go to malls and unorganized retail outlets and observe the behavior of consumers of different demographic segments while buying different category of goods. Come back to class and present the findings / observations followed with a group discussion.
- Students can prepare a questionnaire and do a survey on consumer buying behavior and present the findings in the class.
- Find three advertisements that appeal to the need for power, affiliation and achievement and discuss their effectiveness. Rewrite these for persons in different levels of Maslow's Hierarchy?
- Meet your friends and conduct a survey to find what are the important factors in their purchase of mobiles, shoes, bags etc. There are now plenty of advertisements regarding most products how do they deal with this information overload?.

RECOMMENDED BOOKS:

- Consumer Behavior Leon Schiff man, Lesslie Kanuk, 10/e, Pearson, 2010.
- Consumer Behaviou: A Managerial Perspective, Dr. Dheeraj Sharma, Jagdish N Sheth, Banwari Mittal,1/e, Cengage Learning
- Consumer Behavior: Building Marketing Strategy Del I. Hawkins, & Others, 11/e, TMH,
- Consumer behavior Jay D. Lindquist, Joseph Sirgy, 1/e, Cengage Learning.
- Consumer Behavior in Indian Perspective Suja Nair, Himalaya Publications

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- Consumer Behavior Henry Asseal, Cenage Learning.
- Consumer Behavior- Satish K. Batra& S H HKazmi, Excel Books.
- CRM Alok Kumar, Chhabi Sinha, 7/e, Biztantra.
- Customer Relationship Management Peru Ahamed&Sagadevan, Vikas Publishing.
- Consumer Behavior Kumar Rajeev, Himalaya Publisher.

RETAIL MANAGEMENT

Subject Code : 16MBA MM302 IA Marks : 20

Number of Lecture Hours/Week: 03 Exam Hours: 03

Number of Lecture Hours : 56 Exam Marks: 80

Practical Component : 02 Hours/ Week

Objectives:

- To develop an understanding of the contemporary retail management, issues, strategies and trends.
- To highlight the importance of retailing and its role in the success of modern business.
- To acclimatize with the insights of retailing, key activities and relationships.

Outcomes:

The student should be able to:

- Find out the contemporary retail management, issues, and strategies.
- > Evaluate the recent trends in retailingand its impact in the success of modern business
- ➤ Relate store management and visual merchandising practices for effective retailing.

Unit 1: (8 Hours)

Introduction and Perspectives on Retailing World of Retailing, Retail management, introduction, meaning, characteristics, emergence of organizations of retailing - Types of Retailers (Retail Formats) - Multichannel Retailing - Customer Buying Behaviour, Historical Perspective, role of retailing, trends in retailing, FDI in Retail - Problems of Indian Retailing - Current Scenario

Unit 2: (5 Hours)

Theories of Retailing

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