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BIG DATA ANALYTICS			
[As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme]			
(Effective from the academic year 2016 -2017) SEMESTER – VI			
Subject Code	15CS662	IA Marks	20
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	4	Exam Marks	80
Total Number of Lecture Hours	40	Exam Hours	03
CREDITS – 03			03
Course objectives: This course will enable students to			
• Interpret the data in the context of the business.			
Identify an appropriate method to analyze the data			
 Show analytical model of a system Module – 1 Teaching 			
Wodule – 1			Hours
Introduction to Data Analytics and Decision Making: Introduction, Overview			
of the Book, The Methods, The Software, Modeling and Models, Graphical			
Models, Algebraic Models, Spreadsheet Models, Seven-Step Modeling			
Process. Describing the Distribution of a Single Variable: Introduction, Basic			
Concepts, Populations and Samples, Data Sets, Variables, and Observations,			
Types of Data, Descriptive Measures for Categorical Variables, Descriptive			
Measures for Numerical Variables, Numerical Summary Measures, Numerical			
Summary Measures with StatTools, Charts for Numerical Variables, Time Series			
Data, Outliers and Missing Values, Outliers, Missing Values, Excel Tables for			
Filtering, Sorting, and Summarizing.			
Finding Relationships among Variables: Introduction, Relationships among			ong
Categorical Variables, Relationships among Categorical Variables and a			
Numerical Variable, Stacked and Unstacked Formats, Relationships among			
Numerical Variables, Scatterplots, Co.	rrelation and Covar	riance, Pivot Tables.	
Module – 2			als. 08 Hours
Rule of Complements, Addition Rule, Conditional Probability and the Multiplication Rule, Probabilistic Independence, Equally Likely Events,			
Subjective Versus Objective Probabilistic			
Random Variable, Summary Measure			
Mean and Variance, Introduction to S	•	Distribution, Condition	711011
Normal, Binormal, Poisson, and Exponential Distributions: Introduction, The			
Normal Distribution, Continuous Distributions and Density Functions, The			
Normal Density, Standardizing: Z-Values, Normal Tables and Z-Values, Normal			
Normal Density, Standardizing: Z-Values, Normal Tables and Z-Values, Normal Calculations in Excel, Empirical Rules Revisited, Weighted Sums of Normal			
Random Variables, Applications of the Normal Random Distribution, The			
Binomial Distribution, Mean and Standard Deviation of the Binomial			
Distribution, The Binomial Distribution in the Context of Sampling, The Normal			
Approximation to the Binomial, Applications of the Binomial Distribution, The Poisson and Exponential Distributions, The Poisson Distribution, The			
<u> </u>	itions, The Pois	son Distribution,	The
Exponential Distribution. Module – 3			
Decision Making under Uncert	ainty:Introduction	Flements of Decis	sion 08 Hours
Analysis, Payoff Tables, Possible			
Tilalysis, Layott Laules, Lossible	Decision Citten	a, Expected Monet	ли у

Value(EMY), Sensitivity Analysis, Decision Trees, Risk Profiles, The Precision Tree Add-In, Bayes' Rule, Multistage Decision Problems and the Value of Information, The Value of Information, Risk Aversion and Expected Utility, Utility Functions, Exponential Utility, Certainty Equivalents, Is Expected Utility Maximization Used?

Sampling and Sampling Distributions: Introduction, Sampling Terminology, Methods for Selecting Random Samples, Simple Random Sampling, Systematic Sampling, Stratified Sampling, Cluster Sampling, Multistage Sampling Schemes, Introduction to Estimation, Sources of Estimation Error, Key Terms in Sampling, Sampling Distribution of the Sample Mean, The Central Limit Theorem, Sample Size Selection, Summary of Key Ideas for Simple Random Sampling.

Module - 4

Confidence Interval Estimation: Introduction, Sampling Distributions, The t Distribution, Other Sampling Distributions, Confidence Interval for a Mean, Confidence Interval for a Total, Confidence Interval for a Proportion, Confidence Interval for a Standard Deviation, Confidence Interval for the Difference between Means, Independent Samples, Paired Samples, Confidence Interval for the Difference between Proportions, Sample Size Selection, Sample Size Selection for Estimation of the Mean, Sample Size Selection for Estimation of Other Parameters.

Hypothesis Testing:Introduction,Concepts in Hypothesis Testing, Null and Alternative Hypothesis, One-Tailed Versus Two-Tailed Tests, Types of Errors, Significance Level and Rejection Region, Significance from p-values, Type II Errors and Power, Hypothesis Tests and Confidence Intervals, Practical versus Statistical Significance, Hypothesis Tests for a Population Mean, Hypothesis Tests for Other Parameters, Hypothesis Tests for a Population Proportion, Hypothesis Tests for Differences between Population Means, Hypothesis Test for Equal Population Variances, Hypothesis Tests for Difference between Population Proportions, Tests for Normality, Chi-Square Test for Independence.

Module - 5

Regression Analysis: Estimating Relationships: Introduction, Scatterplots: Graphing Relationships, Linear versus Nonlinear Relationships, Outliers, Unequal Variance, No Relationship, Correlations: Indications of Linear Relationships, Simple Linear Regression, Least Squares Estimation, Standard Error of Estimate, The Percentage of Variation Explained: Regression, Interpretation of Regression Coefficients, Interpretation of Standard Error of Estimate and R-Square, Modeling Possibilities, Dummy Variables, Interaction Variables, Nonlinear Transformations, Validation of the Fit.

Regression Analysis: Statistical Inference:Introduction,The Statistical Model, Inferences About the Regression Coefficients, Sampling Distribution of the Regression Coefficients, Hypothesis Tests for the Regression Coefficients and p-Values. Overall The A **Test** for the Fit: **ANOVA** Table, Multicollinearity, Include/Exclude Decisions, Stepwise Regression, Outliers, Violations of Regression Assumptions, Nonconstant Error Variance, Nonnormality of Residuals, Autocorrelated Residuals, Prediction.

Course outcomes: The students should be able to:

- Explain the importance of data and data analysis
- Interpret the probabilistic models for data
- Define hypothesis, uncertainty principle

08 Hours

08 Hours

• Evaluate regression analysis

Question paper pattern:

The question paper will have ten questions.

There will be 2 questions from each module.

Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.

The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Text Books:

1. S C Albright and W L Winston, Business analytics: data analysis and decision making, 5/e Cenage Learning

Reference Books: