

<b>CRYPTOGRAPHY</b> <b>B.E., VII Semester, Electronics &amp; Communication Engineering</b> <b>[As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) Scheme]</b>			
<b>Course Code</b>	<b>17EC744</b>	<b>CIE Marks</b>	<b>40</b>
<b>Number of Lecture Hours/Week</b>	<b>03</b>	<b>SEE Marks</b>	<b>60</b>
<b>Total Number of Lecture Hours</b>	<b>40 (08 Hours / Module)</b>	<b>Exam Hours</b>	<b>03</b>
<b>CREDITS – 03</b>			
<b>Course Objectives:</b> This Course will enable students to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Enable students to understand the basics of symmetric key and public key cryptography.</li> <li>• Equip students with some basic mathematical concepts and pseudorandom number generators required for cryptography.</li> <li>• Enable students to authenticate and protect the encrypted data.</li> <li>• Enrich knowledge about Email, IP and Web security.</li> </ul>			
<b>Module-1</b>			
<b>Basic Concepts of Number Theory and Finite Fields:</b> Divisibility and the divisibility algorithm, Euclidean algorithm, Modular arithmetic, Groups, Rings and Fields, Finite fields of the form $GF(p)$ , Polynomial arithmetic, Finite fields of the form $GF(2^n)$ (Text 1: Chapter 3) <b>L1, L2</b>			
<b>Module-2</b>			
<b>Classical Encryption Techniques:</b> Symmetric cipher model, Substitution techniques, Transposition techniques, Steganography (Text 1: Chapter 1) <b>SYMMETRIC CIPHERS:</b> Traditional Block Cipher structure, Data Encryption Standard (DES) (Text 1: Chapter 2: Section1, 2) <b>L1, L2</b>			
<b>Module-3</b>			
<b>SYMMETRIC CIPHERS:</b> The AES Cipher. (Text 1: Chapter 4: Section 2, 3, 4) <b>Pseudo-Random-Sequence Generators and Stream Ciphers:</b> Linear Congruential Generators, Linear Feedback Shift Registers, Design and analysis of stream ciphers, Stream ciphers using LFSRs (Text 2: Chapter 16: Section 1, 2, 3, 4) <b>L1, L2, L3</b>			
<b>Module-4</b>			
<b>More number theory:</b> Prime Numbers, Fermat's and Euler's theorem, Primality testing, Chinese Remainder theorem, discrete logarithm. (Text 1: Chapter 7) <b>Principles of Public-Key Cryptosystems:</b> The RSA algorithm, Diffie - Hellman Key Exchange, Elliptic Curve Arithmetic, Elliptic Curve Cryptography (Text 1: Chapter 8, Chapter 9: Section 1, 3, 4) <b>L1, L2, L3</b>			
<b>Module-5</b>			

**One-Way Hash Functions:** Background, Snefru, N-Hash, MD4, MD5, Secure Hash Algorithm [SHA], One way hash functions using symmetric block algorithms, Using public key algorithms, Choosing a one-way hash functions, Message Authentication Codes. Digital Signature Algorithm, Discrete Logarithm Signature Scheme (Text 2: Chapter 18: Section 18.1 to 18.5, 18.7, 18.11 to 18.14 and Chapter 20: Section 20.1, 20.4) **L1, L2, L3**

**Course Outcomes:** After studying this course, students will be able to:

- Use basic cryptographic algorithms to encrypt the data.
- Generate some pseudorandom numbers required for cryptographic applications.
- Provide authentication and protection for encrypted data.

**Text Books:**

1. William Stallings, "Cryptography and Network Security Principles and Practice", Pearson Education Inc., 6<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2014, ISBN: 978-93-325-1877-3
2. Bruce Schneier, "Applied Cryptography Protocols, Algorithms, and Source code in C", Wiley Publications, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, ISBN: 9971-51-348-X

**Reference Books:**

1. Cryptography and Network Security, Behrouz A. Forouzan, TMH, 2007.
2. Cryptography and Network Security, Atul Kahate, TMH, 2003.

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