

**VISVESVARAYA TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY,**

**BELAGAVI - 590018**



**A PROJECT REPORT ON**

**PHISHING WEBSITE DETECTION USING DEEP  
LEARNING**

Submitted in partial fulfillment for the award of Degree of,

**BACHELOR OF ENGINEERING**

**IN**

**INFORMATION SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING**

**By**

**AKASH KACHARYA  
FATHIMA THAHIBA  
SHRAMIK S SHETTY  
VANDAN M SHETTY**

**4AL20IS003**

**4AL20IS017**

**4AL20IS046**

**4AL20IS058**

**Under the Guidance of**

**Mr. Pradeep Nayak**

**Assistant Professor**

**DEPARTMENT OF INFORMATION SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING**



**ALVA'S INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY  
MIJAR, MOODBIDRI, D.K, KARNATAKA - 574225**

**2023 – 2024**

**ALVA'S INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY**

**MIJAR, MOODBIDRI, D.K, KARNATAKA - 574225**



**DEPARTMENT OF INFORMATION SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING**

**CERTIFICATE**

This is to certify that the Project entitled "PHISHING WEBSITE DETECTION USING DEEP LEARNING" has been successfully completed by

**AKASH KACHARYA**

**4AL20IS003**

**FATHIMA THAHIBA**

**4AL20IS017**

**SHRAMIK S SHETTY**

**4AL20IS046**

**VANDAN M SHETTY**

**4AL20IS058**

the bonafide students of DEPARTMENT OF INFORMATION SCIENCE & ENGINEERING, Alva's Institute of Engineering and Technology, Moodbidri affiliated VISVESVARAYA TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY, BELAGAVI during the year 2023-2024. It is certified that all corrections/suggestions indicated for Internal Assessment have been incorporated in the report deposited in the departmental library. The Project report has been approved as it satisfies the academic requirements in respect of project work prescribed in partial fulfilment of awarding Bachelor of Engineering Degree.

**Mr. Pradeep Nayak**  
Assistant Professor  
Project Guide

**Dr. Sudheer Shetty**  
Professor  
HOD ISE

**Dr. Peter Fernandes**  
PRINCIPAL  
Alva's Institute of Engg. & Technology,  
Mijar, MOODBIDRI - 574 225, D.K

**EXTERNAL VIVA**

**Name of the Examiners**

1. Dr Sudheer Shetty
2. Dr. Ritesh Pawale

**Signature with Date**

# ABSTRACT

Phishing attacks have emerged as one of the most prevalent and perilous forms of cybercrime in recent years. These malicious tactics are designed to deceive individuals and organizations into divulging sensitive information used for transactions. Typically, phishing websites are crafted with subtle clues within their content and browser-based information to mimic legitimate platforms. By employing tactics such as specially crafted emails or instant messages, attackers create replicas of existing web pages, tricking users into divulging personal, financial, or password data under the guise of legitimate service. In response to this escalating threat, there is a growing need to leverage advanced technologies like Machine Learning (ML) for enhanced detection and classification of phishing websites. ML algorithms can analyze a multitude of features extracted from datasets, such as those available in the UCI Machine Learning Repository database, to identify patterns indicative of phishing behavior. Furthermore, the study aims to delve deeper into the intricate characteristics of phishing websites, exploring nuances in their design, content, and behavior. Through comprehensive analysis and feature extraction, ML algorithms can learn to discern subtle cues that differentiate phishing sites from legitimate ones, thereby bolstering the effectiveness of detection mechanism.