## VISVESVARAYA TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY, BELAGAVI

## B.E. in Agricultural Engineering

Scheme of Teaching and Examinations 2021

Outcome-Based Education(OBE) and Choice Based Credit System (CBCS)

(Effective from the academic year 2021 - 22)

V ( 3	EMESTER			Teachi	ng Ho	urs /W	eek		Exami	nation		
SI. No	Course and Course	Course Title	Teaching Department (TD) and Question	Theory	Tutorial	Practical	Self –Study	Duration in	CIE Marks	SEE Marks	Total Marks	Credits
	Code		Dep	L	Т	Р	S	۵	0	· · ·	1	
1	HSMC 21AG61	Entrepreneurship Development and Business Management	TD, PSB- MBA	3	0	0	0	03	50	50	100	3
2	IPCC 21AG62	Dairy and Food Engineering	TD, PSB- AG	3	0	2	0	03	50	50	100	4
3	PCC 21AG63	IOT Architecture & Protocols	TD, PSB- CSE	3	0	0	0	03	50	50	100	3
4	PEC 21AG64x	Professional Elective	TD, PSB-AG	3	0	0	0	03	50	50	100	3
5	OEC 21AG65x	Open Elective Course-I	TD, PSB-AG	3	0	0	0	03	50	50	100	3
6	PCC 21AGL66	Al and Image Processing Lab	TD, PSB- CSE	0	0	2	0	03	50	50	100	1
7	MP 21AGMP67	Mini Project	AG	,	for int	hours teraction facult			100		100	2
8	INT 21INT68	Innovation/Entrepreneurship /Societal Internship	Completed of IV				3		100		100	3
								Total	500	300	800	22
		P	rofessional E	ective –	1							
21A(		cision Farming Techniques for P		AG643		r Photo	ovoltai	c Syste	m			
			21	16611	14/	4-1	J D	1	-+			

	Professional Elective – I						
21AG641	21AG641 Precision Farming Techniques for Protected 21AG643 Solar Photovoltaic System						
	Cultivation						
21AG642	Agricultural Structures and Environmental	21AG644	Waste Land Development				
	Control						

Open Electives – I offered by the Department to other Department students							
21AG651 Storage & Packaging Technology 21AG653 Sustainable Agriculture and Food Security							
21AG652	21AG652 Landscape Irrigation Design and Management 21AG654						

Note: HSMC: Humanity and Social Science & Management Courses, IPCC: Integrated Professional Core Course, PCC: Professional Core Course, PEC: Professional Elective Courses, OEC-Open Elective Course, MP -Mini Project,

L-Lecture, T - Tutorial, P - Practical / Drawing, S - Self Study Component, CIE: Continuous Internal Evaluation, SEE: Semester End Examination.

Integrated Professional Core Course (IPCC): Refers to Professional Theory Core Course Integrated with Practical of the same course. Credit for IPCC can be 04 and its Teaching - Learning hours (L:T:P) can be considered as (3:0:2) or (2:2:2). The theory part of the IPCC shall be evaluated both by CIE and SEE. The practical part shall be evaluated by CIE only and there shall be no SEE. For more details, the regulation governing the Degree of Bachelor of Engineering /Technology (BE/B.Tech) 2021-22 may be referred.

#### Professional Elective Courses(PEC):

A professional elective (PEC) course is intended to enhance the depth and breadth of educational experience in the Engineering and Technology curriculum. Multidisciplinary courses that are added supplement the latest trend and advanced technology in the selected stream of engineering. Each group will provide an option to select one course out of five courses. The minimum students' strength for offering professional electives is 10. However, this conditional shall not be applicable to cases where the admission to the programme is less than 10.

#### **Open Elective Courses:**

Students belonging to a particular stream of Engineering and Technology are not entitled for the open electives offered by their parent Department. However, they can opt an elective offered by other Departments, provided they satisfy the prerequisite condition if any. Registration to open electives shall be documented under the guidance of the Program Coordinator/ Advisor/Mentor.

Selection of an open elective shall not be allowed if,

- (i) The candidate has studied the same course during the previous semesters of the program.
- (ii) The syllabus content of open electives is similar to that of the Departmental core courses or professional electives.
- (iii) A similar course, under any category, is prescribed in the higher semesters of the program.

In case, any college is desirous of offering a course (not included in the Open Elective List of the University) from streams such as Law, Business (MBA), Medicine, Arts, Commerce, etc., can seek permission, at least one month before the commencement of the semester, from the University by submitting a copy of the syllabus along with the details of expertise available to teach the same in the college.

The minimum students' strength for offering open electives is 10. However, this conditional shall not be applicable to cases where the admission to the programme is less than 10.

Mini-project work: Mini Project is a laboratory-oriented course which will provide a platform to students to enhance their practical knowledge and skills by the development of small systems/applications.

Based on the ability/abilities of the student/s and recommendations of the mentor, a single discipline or a multidisciplinary Mini- project can be assigned to an individual student or to a group having not more than 4 students.

#### CIE procedure for Mini-project:

- (i) Single discipline: The CIE marks shall be awarded by a committee consisting of the Head of the concerned Department and two faculty members of the Department, one of them being the Guide. The CIE marks awarded for the Mini-project work shall be based on the evaluation of project report, project presentation skill, and question and answer session in the ratio of 50:25:25. The marks awarded for the project report shall be the same for all the batch mates.
- (ii) Interdisciplinary: Continuous Internal Evaluation shall be group-wise at the college level with the participation of all the guides of the project.

The CIE marks awarded for the Mini-project, shall be based on the evaluation of project report, project presentation skill, and question and answer session in the ratio 50:25:25. The marks awarded for the project report shall be the same for all the batch mates.

No SEE component for Mini-Project.

## VII semester Class work and Research Internship /Industry Internship (21INT82)

#### **Swapping Facility**

Institutions can swap VII and VIII Semester Scheme of Teaching and Examinations to accommodate research internship/industry internship after the VI semester.

(2) Credits earned for the courses of VII and VIII Semester Scheme of Teaching and Examinations shall be counted against the corresponding semesters whether VII or VIII semester is completed during the beginning of IV year or later part of IV year of the program.

#### Elucidation:

At the beginning of IV year of the programme i.e., after VI semester, VII semester classwork and VIII semester Research Internship /Industrial Internship shall be permitted to be operated simultaneously by the University so that students have ample opportunity for internship. In other words, a good percentage of the class shall attend VII semester classwork and a similar percentage of others shall attend to Research Internship or Industrial Internship.

Research/Industrial Internship shall be carried out at an Industry, NGO, MSME, Innovation centre, Incubation centre, Startup, Centers of Excellence (CoE), Study Centre established in the parent institute and /or at reputed research organizations / institutes. The internship can also be rural internship.

The mandatory Research internship /Industry internship is for 24 weeks. The internship shall be considered as a head of passing and shall be considered for the award of degree. Those, who do not take up/complete the internship shall be declared fail and shall have to complete during the subsequent University examination after satisfying the internship requirements.

## INT21INT82 Research Internship/Industry Internship/Rural Internship

Research internship: A research internship is intended to offer the flavour of current research going on in the research field. It helps students get familiarized with the field and imparts the skill required for carrying out research.

Industry internship: Is an extended period of work experience undertaken by students to supplement their degree for professional development. It also helps them learn to overcome unexpected obstacles and successfully navigate organizations, perspectives, and cultures. Dealing with contingencies helps students recognize, appreciate, and adapt to organizational realities by tempering their knowledge with practical constraints.

The faculty coordinator or mentor has to monitor the students' internship progress and interact with them to guide for the successful completion of the internship.

The students are permitted to carry out the internship anywhere in India or abroad. University shall not bear any expenses incurred in respect of internship.

Dept. of Agricu and Engineering

Alva's Institute of g. & Technology

Mijar, Moodu...aire - 574225

ENTREPRENEURSHIP DEVELOPMENT AND BUSINESS MANAGEMENT					
Course Code	21AG61	CIE Marks	50		
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	(3:0:0:0)	SEE Marks	50		
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100		
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03		

- To familiarize students with various concepts used in understanding processes involved in entrepreneurship and business formation and development.
- To develop and strengthen entrepreneur qualities of students and understand the need for entrepreneur discipline.
- To equip students capable of analysing the environmental set up relating to small industry & small business and make them understand the procedure of small scale industries.
- To develop wide vision about the business and to inculcate in the minds of students the passion for honesty and integrity

#### **Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)**

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

- 1. Adopt different types of teaching methods to develop the outcomes through PowerPoint presentations and Video demonstrations or Simulations.
- 2. Chalk and Talk method for Problem Solving.
- 3. Arrange visits to show the live working models other than laboratory topics.
- 4. Adopt collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
- 5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students Analytical skills and develops thinking skills such as evaluating, generalizing, and analyzing information.

#### Module-1

Entrepreneurship, management – Management functions – planning- Organizing -Directing – motivation – ordering – leading – supervision-Communication and control – Capital – Financial management – importance of financial statements – balance sheet – profit and loss statement, Analysis of financial statements – liquidity ratios – leverage ratios, Coverage ratios – turnover ratios – profitability ratios, Economic principles in management decisions. Agro-based industries – Project – project cycle – Project appraisal and evaluation techniques – undiscounted measures – payback period – proceeds per rupee of outlay, Discounted measures – Net Present Value (NPV) – Benefit-Cost Ratio (BCR) – Internal Rate of Return (IRR) – Net benefit investment ratio (N / K ratio)

Teaching-
Learning
<b>Process</b>

- 1. PowerPoint Presentation
- 2. Chalk and Talk are used for Problem Solving (In-general)
- 3. Video demonstration or Simulations
- 4. Laboratory Demonstrations and Practical Experiments

#### Module-2

Sensitivity analysis-Importance of agribusiness in Indian economy International trade-WTO agreements – Provisions related to agreements in agricultural and food commodities. Agreements on agriculture (AOA) – Domestic supply, market access, export subsidies agreements on sanitary and phyto-sanitary (SPS) measures, Trade related intellectual property rights (TRIPS). Marketing in business management. Development (ED): Concept of entrepreneur and entrepreneurship assessing overall business environment in Indian economy

Teachin	g
Learning	g
<b>Process</b>	

- 1. PowerPoint Presentation
- 2. Chalk and Talk are used for Problem Solving (In-general)
- 3. Video demonstration or Simulations
- 4. Laboratory Demonstrations and Practical Experiments

#### Module-3

Entrepreneurial and managerial characteristics- Entrepreneurship Development Programmes (EDP)- Generation incubation and commercialization of ideas and innovations- Motivation and entrepreneurship development-Globalization and the emerging business entrepreneurial environment- Managing an enterprise: Importance of

planning, budgeting, monitoring evaluation and follow-up managing competition. Role of ED in economic development of a country- Overview of Indian social, political systems and their implications for decision making by Individual entrepreneurs.

Teaching-Learning Process

- 1. PowerPoint Presentation
- 2. Chalk and Talk are used for Problem Solving (In-general)
- ${\it 3.\ Video\ demonstration\ or\ Simulations}$
- 4. Laboratory Demonstrations and Practical Experiments

#### Module-4

Economic system and its implications for decision making by individual entrepreneurs- Social responsibility of business. Morals and ethics in enterprise management- SWOT analysis- Government schemes and incentives for promotion of entrepreneurship. Government policy on small and medium enterprises (SMEs)/SSIs/MSME sectors-Venture capital (VC), contract farming (CF) and joint ventures (JV), public-private partnerships (PPP)- Overview of agricultural engineering industry, characteristics of Indian farm machinery industry.

Teaching-Learning Process

- 1. PowerPoint Presentation
- 2. Chalk and Talk are used for Problem Solving (In-general)
- 3. Video demonstration or Simulations
- 4. Laboratory Demonstrations and Practical Experiments

#### Module-5

Preparation of business – Strengths Weaknesses Opportunities and Threats (SWOT) analysis, Analysis of financial statements (Balance Sheet, Profit loss statement). Compounding and discounting, Break-even analysis Visit to agro-based industries – I, Visit to agro-based industries – II Study of Agro-industries Development Corporation, Ratio analysis – I, Ratio analysis – II, Application of project appraisal technique – I(Undiscounted measures), Application of project appraisal technique – II(Discounted Measures), Formulation of project feasibility reports – Farm Machinery Project proposals as entrepreneur – individual and group - Presentation of project proposals in the class.

Teaching-Learning Process

- 1. PowerPoint Presentation
- 2. Chalk and Talk are used for Problem Solving (In-general)
- 3. Video demonstration or Simulations
- 4. Laboratory Demonstrations and Practical Experiments

### Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- 1. To understand processes involved in entrepreneurship and business formation and development.
- 2. To understand the need for entrepreneur discipline.
- 3. To analyse environmental set up relating to small industry & small business and make them understand the procedure of small scale industries.
- 4. To develop wide vision about the business.

## Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% ( 18 Marks out of 50)in the semester-end examination(SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

## Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)

- First test at the end of 5th week of the semester
- Second test at the end of the 10<sup>th</sup> week of the semester
- 3. Third test at the end of the 15th week of the semester

## Two assignments each of 10 Marks

- First assignment at the end of 4<sup>th</sup> week of the semester
- Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for 20 Marks (duration 01 hours)

At the end of the 13th week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be scaled down to 50 marks

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

### Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (duration 03 hours)

- The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks. 1.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), should have a mix of topics under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

## Suggested Learning Resources:

#### Books

- 1. Gittenger Price, J. 1989. Economic Analysis of Agricultural Projects. John Hopkins University, Press,
- 2. Harsh, S.B., Conner, U.J. and Schwab, G.D. 1981.Management of the Farm Business. Prentice Hall Inc., New
- 3. Joseph, L. Massie. 1995. Essentials of Management. Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
- 4. Khanka S S. 1999. Entrepreneurial Development. S. Chand and Co. New Delhi.
- 5. Mark J Dollinger. 1999. Entrepreneurship Strategies and Resources. Prentice-Hall, Upper Saddal, Rover, New Jersey.
- 6. Mohanty S K. 2007. Fundamentals of Entrepreneurship. Prentice Hall India Ltd., New Delhi.
- 7. Omri Rawlins, N. 1980. Introduction to Agribusiness. Prentice Hall Inc., New Jersey
- Thomas W Zimmer and Norman M Scarborough. 1996. Entrepreneurship. Prentice-Hall, New Jersey.

## Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

# Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- Quizzes
- Assignments
- Seminars
- Mini Projects

Dept. of Agricultural Engineering Alva's Institute of Engg. & Technology Mijar, Moodubidire - 574225

DAIRY AND FOOD ENGINEERING (IPCC)				
Course Code	21AG62	CIE Marks	50	
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	(3:0:2:0)	SEE Marks	50	
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40 hours Theory + 10 Lab slots	Total Marks	100	
Credits	04	Exam Hours	03	

- Knowledge on milk and food processing unit operations offer strength to students
- To handle pasteurization, sterilization, packaging, etc. of dairy products
- Control spoilage of food through process operations such as evaporation, freezing, membrane processing

#### Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

- 1. Adopt different types of teaching methods to develop the outcomes through PowerPoint presentations and Video demonstrations or Simulations.
- 2. Chalk and Talk method for Problem Solving.
- 3. Arrange visits to show the live working models other than laboratory topics.
- 4. Adopt collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
- 5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students Analytical skills and develops thinking skills such as evaluating, generalizing, and analyzing information.
- 6. Conduct Laboratory Demonstrations and Practical Experiments to enhance experiential skills.

#### Module-1

8 Hours

Deterioration in food product and their controls- causes of food spoilage and classification of food with respect to spoilage and consumption. Principles of food preservation, effect pH and water content on growth of microorganisms. Physical, chemical and biological methods of food preservation.

Dairy development in India and dairy technology- Indian dairy industry products Concentrated whole milk products, - Composition of milk, physico-chemical properties of milk, water content, acidity, pH, developed acidity, natural acidity, total acidity, density, specific gravity, freezing point of milk colour of milk, flavor.

Unit operations of various dairy and food processing systems- introduction, sampling, pasteurization, sterilization, packaging, cleaning grading, evaporation, drying, filtration and freezing.

#### Teaching-Learning

- 1. PowerPoint Presentation
- Process
- 2. Chalk and Talk are used for Problem Solving (In-general)
- 3. Video demonstration or Simulations
- 4. Laboratory Demonstrations and Practical Experiments

8 Hours

Principle and equipment related to receiving of milk, quality determination, cleaning and disinfection of milk cans and tankers. Process flow charts for product manufacture - Pasteurized milk, Pearson square method and mass balance method for making balances method for milk standardization.

Pasteurization- Purpose, Methods of heating, design and mode of operation heating equipment (tubular heat exchanger, plate heat exchanger), Sterilization - UHT method (Direct and indirect heating), sterilization in the package (temperature and pressure patterns), equipment for sterilizing goods in the package (Batch autoclaves). Thermal processing - Thermal death time curve, reaction kinetics of the heat treatment of milk.

#### Teaching-Learning **Process**

- 1. PowerPoint Presentation
- 2. Chalk and Talk are used for Problem Solving (In-general)
- 3. Video demonstration or Simulations
- 4. Laboratory Demonstrations and Practical Experiments

#### Module-3

Homogenization - Emulsifying, types of emulsions, emulsifiers, application, mode of operation, effect on the product. Centrifugation and cream separation- working of disc centrifuge, working of cyclone separator.

Preparation methods and equipment- Manufacture of cheese, paneer, butter and ice cream.

Dairy plant design and layout - factors in planning, importance of site selection. Location of building, size and type of dairy building, advantages of good plant layout, functional design, plant utilities requirement – electricity, water and power requirement.

#### Teaching-

1. PowerPoint Presentation

Process 3. Video demonstration or Simulations			
	4. Laboratory Demonstrations and Practical Experiments		
	Module-4	8 Hours	

Canning and aseptic processing. Evaporation – Applications, functions, factors affecting rate of evaporation, basic evaporator construction, factors affecting liquid boiling point, thermodynamics of evaporation (phase change, boiling point elevation, Duhring plot.

**Types of evaporation equipment**- Natural circulation evaporators – Batch type, horizontal short tube, vertical short tube, natural circulation with external calendria, long tube, forced circulation.

**Drying** – Drying methods

Teaching-	1. PowerPoint Presentation	1 1012
Learning	2. Chalk and Talk are used for Problem Solving (In-general)	
Process	3. Video demonstration or Simulations	
	4. Laboratory Demonstrations and Practical Experiments	

**Freezing** – Introduction, freezing point curve for food, freezing time calculation by using Planks equation, types of freezing equipment, **Filtration** - ultra-filtration, processing variables, applications or ultra-filtration in milk processing, reverse osmosis, Membrane separation – Membrane separation methods. Composition and proximate analysis of food products- Carbohydrates, protein, lipids, methods of controlling water content, effect of water activity, methods of measuring a oxidation reduction potential effect on microorganisms, effect of nutrient content and effect of inhibitory substances Change undergone by food components during processing –Changes during heating, evaporation, drying, freezing, filtration and separation.

Module-5

Teaching-	Teaching- 1. PowerPoint Presentation		
Learning	2. Chalk and Talk are used for Problem Solving (In-general)		
Process	3. Video demonstration or Simulations		
	4. Laboratory Demonstrations and Practical Experiments		

#### PRACTICAL COMPONENT OF IPCC

#### Course objectives:

- Knowledge on milk and food processing unit operations
- To handle pasteurization, sterilization, packaging, etc. of dairy products
- Control spoilage of food through process operations such as evaporation, freezing, membrane processing etc.

SI.NO	Experiments
1	To study the Vat pasteurizer
2	To study the HTST pasteurizer
3	To study and evaluate the performance of the Homogenizers
4	To study the Sterilization
5	To study and evaluate the performance of the Butter churns
6	To study the Spray dryers
7	To study and evaluate the performance of the Freezers
8	To study the different food preservative used in food industry
9	To study the various Drying methods of food products
10	Demonstrate the working of the Evaporators
11	Demonstrate the working of the Cyclone separator
12	Demonstrate the working of the Heat exchangers

## Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course the student will be able to :

- 1. Enable the students to understand the methods of food preservation and the dairy development
- 2. Developed the understanding of physic chemical properties of milk
- 3. Summarizing the methods of pasteurization and its importance
- 4. To acquaint the students with various dairy engineering operations such as homogenization, pasteurization, thermal processing, evaporation, freezing and drying of milk
- 5. Understanding the design and layout of a dairy plant
- 6. Control spoilage of food through process operations such as evaporation, freezing, membrane processing etc.

#### Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination(SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

#### CIE for the theory component of IPCC

Two Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)

- First test at the end of 5th week of the semester
- Second test at the end of the 10<sup>th</sup> week of the semester

#### Two assignments each of 10 Marks

- 1. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
- 2. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Scaled-down marks of two tests and two assignments added will be CIE marks for the theory component of IPCC for 30 marks.

## CIE for the practical component of IPCC

- On completion of every experiment/program in the laboratory, the students shall be evaluated and marks shall be awarded on the same day. The 15 marks are for conducting the experiment and preparation of the laboratory record, the other 05 marks shall be for the test conducted at the end of the semester.
- The CIE marks awarded in the case of the Practical component shall be based on the continuous evaluation
  of the laboratory report. Each experiment report can be evaluated for 10 marks. Marks of all experiments'
  write-ups are added and scaled down to 15 marks.
- The laboratory test (duration 03 hours) at the end of the 15th week of the semester /after completion of all the experiments (whichever is early) shall be conducted for 50 marks and scaled down to 05 marks.

Scaled-down marks of write-up evaluations and tests added will be CIE marks for the laboratory component of IPCC for **20** marks.

#### **SEE for IPCC**

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the course (duration 03 hours)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), should have a mix of topics under that module.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

The theory portion of the IPCC shall be for both CIE and SEE, whereas the practical portion will have a CIE component only. Questions mentioned in the SEE paper shall include questions from the practical component).

- The minimum marks to be secured in CIE to appear for SEE shall be the 12 (40% of maximum marks-30) in the theory component and 08 (40% of maximum marks -20) in the practical component. The laboratory component of the IPCC shall be for CIE only. However, in SEE, the questions from the laboratory component shall be included. The maximum of 04/05 questions to be set from the practical component of IPCC, the total marks of all questions should not be more than the 20 marks.
- SEE will be conducted for 100 marks and students shall secure 35% of the maximum marks to qualify in the SEE. Marks secured will be scaled down to 50.

## **Suggested Learning Resources:**

#### **Books**

- 1. Fundamentals of Food Engineering-Rao, D.G. 2010. PHI learning Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi.
- 2. Introduction to Food Engineering Singh, R.P. & Heldman, D.R. 2001. Academic Press.
- 3. Ahmed, T. 1997. Dairy Plant Engineering and Management. 4th Ed. Kitab Mahal
- 4. McCabe, W.L. and Smith, J. C. 1999. Unit Operations of Chemical Engineering. McGraw Hill.
- 5. Rao, D.G. Fundamentals of Food Engineering. PHI learning Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi. 171
- 6. Singh, R.P. & Heldman, D.R. 1993. Introduction to Food Engineering. Academic Press
- 7. Principles of foundry technology, 4th edition, P L Jain, Tata McGraw Hill, 2006.
- 8. Advanced Welding Processes technology and process control, John Norrish, Wood Head Publishing, 2006.

## Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

# Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- Quizzes
- Assignments
- Seminars
- Mini Projects

Madicuman H.O.D. Dept. of Agricultural Engineering Alva's Institute of Engg. & Technology Mijar, Moodubidire - 574225

IOT ARCHITECTURE AND PROTOCOLS					
Course Code	21AG63	CIE Marks	50		
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	(3:0:0:0)	SEE Marks	50		
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100		
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03		

- To understanding the basic fundamentals of IOT Architecture and Protocols
- To understand the various layers in the IOT protocols

#### Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

- 1. Adopt different types of teaching methods to develop the outcomes through PowerPoint presentations and Video demonstrations or Simulations.
- 2. Chalk and Talk method for Problem Solving.
- 3. Arrange visits to show the live working models other than laboratory topics.
- 4. Adopt collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
- 5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students Analytical skills and develops thinking skills such as evaluating, generalizing, and analyzing information.
- 6. Conduct Laboratory Demonstrations and Practical Experiments to enhance experiential skills.

#### Module-1

INTRODUCTION: IoT architecture outline, standards - IoT Technology, Fundamentals- Devices and gateways, Local and wide area networking, Data management, Business processes in IoT, Everything as a Service(XaaS), M2M and IoT Analytics

Teaching-
Learning
Process

- 1. PowerPoint Presentation
- 2. Chalk and Talk are used for Problem Solving (In-general)
- 3. Video demonstration or Simulations
- 4. Laboratory Demonstrations and Practical Experiments

#### Module-2

IOT REFERENCE ARCHITECTURE: Introduction, Functional View, Information View, Deployment and Operational View, Other Relevant architectural views. Real-World Design Constraints- Introduction, Technical Design constraints

Teaching-
Learning
Process

- 1. PowerPoint Presentation
- 2. Chalk and Talk are used for Problem Solving (In-general)
- 3. Video demonstration or Simulations
- 4. Laboratory Demonstrations and Practical Experiments

#### Module-3

IOT DATA LINK LAYER & NETWORK LAYER PROTOCOLS: PHY/MAC Layer(3GPP MTC, IEEE 802.11, IEEE 802.15), Wireless HART, ZWave, Bluetooth Low Energy, Zigbee Smart Energy, DASH7 - Network Layer-IPv4,IPv6, 6LoWPAN, 6TiSCH,ND, DHCP, ICMP, RPL, CORPL, CARP

Teaching-
Learning

- 1. PowerPoint Presentation
- 2. Chalk and Talk are used for Problem Solving (In-general)

#### **Process**

- 3. Video demonstration or Simulations
- 4. Laboratory Demonstrations and Practical Experiments

#### Module-4

**IoT TRANSPORT & SESSION LAYER PROTOCOLS:** Transport Layer (TCP, MPTCP, UDP, DCCP, SCTP)-(TLS, DTLS) – Session Layer-HTTP, CoAP, XMPP, AMQP, MQTT

Teaching-Learning Process

- 1. PowerPoint Presentation
- 2. Chalk and Talk are used for Problem Solving (In-general)
- 3. Video demonstration or Simulations
  - 4. Laboratory Demonstrations and Practical Experiments

#### Module-5

**IoT SERVICE LAYER PROTOCOLS & SECURITY PROTOCOLS:** Service Layer -oneM2M, ETSI M2M, OMA, BBF – Security in IoT Protocols – MAC802.15.4 , 6LoWPAN, RPL, Application Layer, Smart City Security Architecture, Smart City Use-Case Examples.

Teaching-
Learning
Process

- 1. PowerPoint Presentation
- 2. Chalk and Talk are used for Problem Solving (In-general)
- 3. Video demonstration or Simulations
- 4. Laboratory Demonstrations and Practical Experiments

#### Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- 1. Comprehend the essentials of IOT and its applications
- 2. Understand the concepts of IOT Architecture Reference model and IOT reference architecture
- 3. Analyze various IOT Application layer Protocols.
- 4. Apply IP based protocols and Authentication Protocols for IOT
- 5. Design IOT-based systems for real-world problems.

#### Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50)in the semester-end examination(SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

#### **Continuous Internal Evaluation:**

Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)

- 1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester
- 2. Second test at the end of the 10th week of the semester
- 3. Third test at the end of the 15th week of the semester

#### Two assignments each of 10 Marks

- 4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
- 5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for 20 Marks (duration 01 hours)

6. At the end of the 13th week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be scaled down to 50 marks

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

#### **Semester End Examination:**

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (duration 03 hours)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), should have a mix of topics under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

## Suggested Learning Resources:

#### Books

- Daniel Minoli, "Building the Internet of Things with IPv6 and MIPv6: The EvolvingWorld of M2M Communications", ISBN: 978-1-118-47347-4, Willy Publications, 2016
- 2. Jan Holler, VlasiosTsiatsis, Catherine Mulligan, Stefan Avesand, StamatisKarnouskos, David Boyle, "From Machine-to-Machine to the Internet of Things: Introduction to a New Age of Intelligence", 1st Edition, Academic Press, 2015
- 3. Bernd Scholz-Reiter, Florian Michahelles, "Architecting the Internet of Things",ISBN 978-3-642-19156-5 e-ISBN 978-3-642-19157-2, Springer, 2016
- 4. N. Ida, Sensors, Actuators and Their Interfaces, Scitech Publishers, 2014.

## Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- Quizzes
- Assignments
- Seminars
- Mini Projects

Dept. of Agricultural Engineering
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WAST	E LAND DEVELOPMENT (F	PEC-I)	
Course Code	21AG644	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	(3:0:0:0)	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Teaching-Learning	40	Total Marks	100
Process			
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03

- To impart knowledge on concept and causes of land degradation, assessment of land degradation and wasteland development.
- To study about socio-economic perspectives of sustainable wasteland development, government policies and participatory approach.

# Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teacher can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

- 1. Adopt different types of teaching methods to develop the outcomes through PowerPoint presentations and Video demonstrations or Simulations.
- 2. Chalk and Talk method for Problem Solving.
- Arrange visits to show the live working models other than laboratory topics.
- Adopt collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
- Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students Analytical skills and develops thinking skills such as evaluating, generalizing, and analyzing information.

#### Module-1

Land degradation - concept, classification - arid, semiarid, humid and sub-humid regions, denuded range land and marginal lands and assessment. Wastelands - factors causing, classification and mapping of wastelands, planning of wastelands development - constraints, agro-climatic conditions, development options, contingency plans.

## Teaching-

1. PowerPoint Presentation

## Learning

2. Chalk and Talk are used for Problem Solving (In-general)

#### **Process**

- 3. Video demonstration or Simulations
- 4. Laboratory Demonstrations and Practical Experiments

#### Module-2

Conservation structures - gully stabilization, ravine rehabilitation, sand dune stabilization, water harvesting and recycling methods. Afforestation - agro-horti-forestry-silvipasture methods, forage and fuel crops - socioeconomic constraints.

## Teaching-

- 1. PowerPoint Presentation
- Learning **Process**
- 2. Chalk and Talk are used for Problem Solving (In-general)
- 3. Video demonstration or Simulations
- 4. Laboratory Demonstrations and Practical Experiments

#### Module-3

Shifting cultivation, optimal land use options. Wasteland development - hills, semi-arid, coastal areas, water scarce areas, reclamation of waterlogged and salt-affected lands.

#### Teaching-Learning

- 1. PowerPoint Presentation
- 2. Chalk and Talk are used for Problem Solving (In-general)

#### **Process**

- 3. Video demonstration or Simulations
- 4. Laboratory Demonstrations and Practical Experiments

#### Module-4

Mine spoils- impact, land degradation and reclamation and rehabilitation, slope stabilization and mine environment management. Micro-irrigation in wastelands development.

#### Teaching-Learning Process

- 1. PowerPoint Presentation
- 2. Chalk and Talk are used for Problem Solving (In-general)
- 3. Video demonstration or Simulations
- 4. Laboratory Demonstrations and Practical Experiments

## Module-5

Sustainable wasteland development - drought situations, socio-economic perspectives. Government policies. Participatory approach. Preparation of proposal for wasteland development and benefit-cost analysis.

## Teaching-

1. PowerPoint Presentation

#### Learning Process

- 2. Chalk and Talk are used for Problem Solving (In-general)
- 3. Video demonstration or Simulations
- 4. Laboratory Demonstrations and Practical Experiments

## Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course the student will be able to :

- 1. Impart knowledge on concept and causes of land degradation, assessment of land degradation and wasteland development.
- 2. Study about socio-economic perspectives of sustainable wasteland development, government policies and participatory approach.
- 3. Recognize importance of watershed.
- 4. To understand the Geomorphology of watershed and watershed management
- 5. Be proficient about the Integrated watershed management practices
- 6. Formulation of project proposal for watershed management programme

#### Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50)in the semester-end examination(SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

#### **Continuous Internal Evaluation:**

Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)

- 1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester
- 2. Second test at the end of the 10th week of the semester
- 3. Third test at the end of the 15th week of the semester

Two assignments each of 10 Marks

- 4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
- 5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks** (duration **01 hours**)

6. At the end of the 13th week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be scaled down to 50 marks

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

#### Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (duration 03 hours)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

#### **Suggested Learning Resources:**

#### Books

- 1. Panda S.C., 2007. Soil water conservation and dry farming. Agrobiospublishers. India
- 2. Jat M. L., Bhakar, S.R., Sharma, S.K. and Khotari, A.K. 2013. Dry land technology. Scientific publishers., Jhodpur
- 3. Mahnot, S.C., Songh P. K. and Chaplot P.C. (2012). Soil and water conservation & Watershed Management. Apex Publishing House., Udaipur.
- 4. Suresh, R., 2014. Soil and water conservation Engineering. Standard Publishers Distributors Delhi.
- 5. Michael A. M. 2012. Irrigation: Theory and Practice. Vikas Publishing Vikas Publ. House New Delhi.
- 6. Chaudhuri., A.B., 1992, Mine environment and management: An Indian Scenario. Ahsih publishing house. Newdelhi.
- 7. Jaume Bech., Claudio Bini and Mariya A Pashkevich.,2017. Assessment, Restoration and Reclamation of Mining Influenced Soils. Candice Janco Elseveir publisher., UK.
- 8. Shankaranarayan.K.A.,1962.Wasteland Development and Their Utilisation, Scientific Publishers, Jodhpur
- 9. Karthikeyan, C., K. Thangaraja, C. Cinthia Fernandez and K. Chandrakandon. 2009. Dryland Agriculture and Wasteland Management. Atlantic Publishers and Distributors Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

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Dept. of Agricultural Engineering Alva's Institute of Engg. & Technology Mijar, Moodubidire - 574225

SUSTAINABLE A	GRICULTURE AND FOOD S	ECURITY (OEC-I)	
Course Code	21AG653	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	(3:0:0:0)	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03

 To study the importance of sustainable agriculture for the growing population, various resources required and their sustainability Importance of science, food security and ecological balance

## Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

- 1. Adopt different types of teaching methods to develop the outcomes through PowerPoint presentations and Video demonstrations or Simulations.
- 2. Chalk and Talk method for Problem Solving.
- 3. Arrange visits to show the live working models other than laboratory topics.
- 4. Adopt collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
- 5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students Analytical skills and develops thinking skills such as evaluating, generalizing, and analyzing information.
- 6. Conduct Laboratory Demonstrations and Practical Experiments to enhance experiential skills.

#### Module-1

LAND RESOURCE AND ITS SUSTAINABILITY: Land Resources of India, Population and land, Land utilization, Net Area Sown, changes in cropping pattern, land degradation.

Area Sown, ch	nanges in cropping pattern, land degradation.
Teaching-	1. PowerPoint Presentation
Learning	2. Chalk and Talk are used for Problem Solving (In-general)
Process	3. Video demonstration or Simulations
	4. Laboratory Demonstrations and Practical Experiments

#### Module-2

**WATER RESOURCE AND ITS SUSTAINABILITY**: Rainfall forecasting - Adequacy of Rainfall for crop growth – Rainfall, Drought and production instability – Irrigation potential – Available, created and utilized – River basins; Watersheds and Utilizable surface water – Utilizable water in future (Ground water & Surface water)

#### Teaching-Learning Process

- 1. PowerPoint Presentation
- 2. Chalk and Talk are used for Problem Solving (In-general)
- 3. Video demonstration or Simulations
- 4. Laboratory Demonstrations and Practical Experiments

#### Module-3

**SUSTAINABLE AGRICULTURE & ORGANIC FARMING:** Agro-ecosystems - Impact of climate change on Agriculture, Effect on crop yield, effect on Soil fertility - Food grain production at State Level - Indicators of Sustainable food availability - Indicators of food production sustenance - Natural farming principles - Sustainability in rainfed farming - organic farming - principles and practices.

#### Teaching-Learning Process

- 1. PowerPoint Presentation
- 2. Chalk and Talk are used for Problem Solving (In-general)
- 3. Video demonstration or Simulations
  - 4. Laboratory Demonstrations and Practical Experiments

#### Module-4

**FOOD PRODUCTION AND FOOD SECURITY:** Performance of Major Food Crops over the past decades – trends in food production – Decline in total factor productivity growth – Demand and supply projections – Impact of market force – Rural Land Market – Emerging Water market – Vertical farming - Sustainable food security indicators and index – Indicator of sustainability of food Security – Path to sustainable development.

## Teaching-

- 1. PowerPoint Presentation
- Learning Process
- 2. Chalk and Talk are used for Problem Solving (In-general)
- 3. Video demonstration or Simulations
- 4. Laboratory Demonstrations and Practical Experiments

### Module-5

## POLICIES AND PROGRAMMES FOR SUSTAINABLE AGRICULTURE AND FOOD SECUIRTY

Food and Crop Production polices – Agricultural credit Policy – Crop insurance –Policies of Natural Resources Use – Policies for sustainable Livelihoods – Virtual water and trade - Sustainable food Security Action Plan.

#### Teaching-Learning Process

- 1. PowerPoint Presentation
- 2. Chalk and Talk are used for Problem Solving (In-general)
- 3. Video demonstration or Simulations
- 4. Laboratory Demonstrations and Practical Experiments

## Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- 1. Gain knowledge on the need for sustainable agriculture
- 2. Comprehend the need for food security on global level and the Nutritional Security.
- 3. Demonstrate how ecological balance is required for sustainability of agriculture.

### Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination(SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

#### Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)

- 1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester
- 2. Second test at the end of the  $10^{th}$  week of the semester
- 3. Third test at the end of the  $15^{th}$  week of the semester

Two assignments each of 10 Marks

- 4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
- 5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for 20 Marks (duration 01 hours)

6. At the end of the  $13^{th}$  week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be scaled down to 50 marks

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

#### Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (duration 03 hours)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

#### **Suggested Learning Resources:**

#### **Books**

- 1. B.K.Desai and Pujari, B.T. Sustainable Agriculture : A vision for future, New India Publishing Agency, New Delhi, 2007.
- 2. Saroja Raman, Agricultural Sustainability Principles, Processes and Prospects, CRC Press, 2013
- 3. Swarna S.Vepa etal., Atlas of the sustainability of food security. MSSRF, Chennai, 2004.
- 4. Sithamparanathan, J., Rengasamy, A., Arunachalam, N. Ecosystem principles and sustainable agriculture, Scitech Publications, Chennai, 1999.
- 5. Gangadhar Banerjee and Srijeet Banerji, Economics of sustainable agriculture and alternate production systems, Ane Books Pvt Ltd., 2017
- 6. M.S.Swaminathan, Science and sustainable food security, World Scientific Publishing Co., Singapore, 2010.

#### Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

## Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- Quizzes
- Assignments
- Seminars
- Mini Projects

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AI & IMAGE PROCESSING LAB					
Course Code	21AGL66	CIE Marks	50		
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	(0:0:2:0)	SEE Marks	50		
Credits	01	Exam Hours	03		

- Implement and evaluate AI algorithms in Python programming language.
- Demonstrate the basic skills of image process
- Demonstrate the application development skills
- Design and develop the applications of images

## Sl.NO Experiments

- 1. (a) Write a python program to print the multiplication table for the given number
  - (b) Write a python program to check whether the given number is prime or not?
  - (c) Write a python program to find factorial of the given number?
- 2. (a) Write a python program to implement List operations (Nested List, Length, Concatenation, Membership, Iteration, Indexing and Slicing)
  - (b) Write a python program to implement List methods (Add, Append, Extend & Delete).
- 3. Write a python program to implement simple Chatbot with minimum 10 conversations
- 4. Write a python program to Illustrate Different Set Operations
- 5. (a)Write a python program to implement a function that counts the number of times a string(s1) occurs in another string(s2)
  - (b)Write a program to illustrate dictionary operations([],in, traversal)and methods: keys(),values(),items()
- Implementation of the problem solving strategies: either using Forward Chaining or Backward Chaining (AI Problems to be implemented in Python)
- 7. Implement any Game and demonstrate the Game playing strategies
- 8. Write a Program to read a digital image. Split and display image into 4 quadrants, up, down, right and left
- 9. Write a program to show rotation, scaling, and translation of an image.
- 10. Read an image, first apply erosion to the image and then subtract the result from the original.
- 11. Demonstrate the difference in the edge image if you use dilation instead of erosion.
- 12. Read an image and extract and display low-level features such as edges, textures using filtering techniques
- 13. Demonstrate enhancing and segmenting low contrast 2D images.

## Course outcomes (Course Skill Set):

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- 1. Implement and demonstrate AI algorithms.
- 2. Evaluate different algorithms.
- 3. Image Segmentation algorithm development
- 4. Image filtering in spatial and frequency domain.
- 5. Morphological operations in analysing image structures

#### Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each course. The student has to secure not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE).

#### Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):

CIE marks for the practical course is 50 Marks.

The split-up of CIE marks for record/ journal and test are in the ratio 60:40.

- Each experiment to be evaluated for conduction with observation sheet and record write-up. Rubrics for the evaluation of the journal/write-up for hardware/software experiments designed by the faculty who is handling the laboratory session and is made known to students at the beginning of the practical session.
- Record should contain all the specified experiments in the syllabus and each experiment write-up will be evaluated for 10 marks.
- Total marks scored by the students are scaled downed to 30 marks (60% of maximum marks).
- Weightage to be given for neatness and submission of record/write-up on time.
- Department shall conduct 02 tests for 100 marks, the first test shall be conducted after the 8th week of the semester and the second test shall be conducted after the 14th week of the semester.
- In each test, test write-up, conduction of experiment, acceptable result, and procedural knowledge will carry a weightage of 60% and the rest 40% for viva-voce.
- The suitable rubrics can be designed to evaluate each student's performance and learning ability. Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book
- The average of 02 tests is scaled down to 20 marks (40% of the maximum marks).

The Sum of scaled-down marks scored in the report write-up/journal and average marks of two tests is the total CIE marks scored by the student.

## Semester End Evaluation (SEE):

SEE marks for the practical course is 50 Marks.

SEE shall be conducted jointly by the two examiners, one internal and another one is the external examiner from other institute, examiners are appointed by the University

- 1. All laboratory experiments are to be included for practical examination.
- (Rubrics) Breakup of marks and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script to be strictly adhered to by the examiners. OR based on the course requirement evaluation rubrics shall be decided jointly by examiners.
- 3. Students can pick one question (experiment) from the questions lot prepared by the internal /external examiners jointly.
- 4. Evaluation of test write-up/ conduction procedure and result/viva will be conducted jointly by examiners.
- 5. General rubrics suggested for SEE are mentioned here, writeup-20%, Conduction procedure and result in -60%, Viva-voce 20% of maximum marks. SEE for practical shall be evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks (however, based on course type, rubrics shall be decided by the examiners)
- 6. Change of experiment is allowed only once and 15% Marks allotted to the procedure part to be made zero.

The duration of SEE is 03 hours

Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book.

Suggested Learning Resources:

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