

MACHINE LEARNING
(Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019)
SEMESTER – VI

Subject Code	18AI61	CIE Marks	40
Number of Contact Hours/Week	3:2:0	SEE Marks	60
Total Number of Contact Hours	50	Exam Hours	3 Hrs

CREDITS – 04

Course Learning Objectives: This course will enable students to:

- Define machine learning and understand the basic theory underlying machine learning.
- Differentiate supervised, unsupervised and reinforcement learning
- Understand the basic concepts of learning and decision trees.
- Understand Bayesian techniques for problems appear in machine learning
- Perform statistical analysis of machine learning techniques.

CH

Module – 1

10

Introduction:

Machine learning Landscape: what is ML?, Why, Types of ML, main challenges of ML (T2:Chapter1)
Concept learning and Learning Problems – Designing Learning systems, Perspectives and Issues –
Concept Learning – Find S-Version Spaces and Candidate Elimination Algorithm –Remarks on VS-
Inductive bias –

T2: Chapter 1

(T2: Chapter 1 and 2)

Module – 2

10

End to end Machine learning Project :

Working with real data, Look at the big picture, Get the data, Discover and visualize the data,
Prepare the data, select and train the model, Fine tune your model
Classification : MNIST, training a Binary classifier, performance measure, multiclass
classification, error analysis, multi label classification, multi output classification
(T2: Chapter 2 and 3)

Module – 3

10

Training Models: Linear regression, gradient descent, polynomial regression, learning curves,
regularized linear models, logistic regression
Support Vector Machine: linear, Nonlinear , SVM regression and under the hood
(T2: Chapter 4 and 5)

RBT: L1, L2

Module – 4

10

Decision Trees

Training and Visualizing DT, making prediction, estimating class, the CART training,
computational complexity, GINI impurity, Entropy, regularization Hyper parameters, Regression,
instability

Ensemble learning and Random Forest:

Voting classifiers, Bagging and pasting, Random patches, Random forests, Boosting, stacking
(T2: Chapter 6 and 7)

RBT: L1, L2

Module – 5

10

Bayes Theorem – Concept Learning – Maximum Likelihood – Minimum Description Length
Principle – Bayes Optimal Classifier – Gibbs Algorithm – Naïve Bayes Classifier– example-
Bayesian Belief Network – EM Algorithm
Text book (T1: Chapter 6)

RBT: L1, L2

Course Outcomes: The students should be able to:

For any problem selected make sure that the application should have five or more tables indicative areas include; health care , salary management, office automation, etc.

Laboratory Outcomes: The student should be able to:

- Create, Update and query on the database.
- Demonstrate the working of different concepts of DBMS
- Implement, analyze and evaluate the project developed for an application.

Conduct of Practical Examination:

- Experiment distribution
 - For laboratories having only one part: Students are allowed to pick one experiment from the lot with equal opportunity.
 - For laboratories having PART A and PART B: Students are allowed to pick one experiment from PART A and one experiment from PART B, with equal opportunity.
- Change of experiment is allowed only once and marks allotted for procedure to be made zero of the changed part only.

- Mark Distribution (Subject to change in accordance with university regulations)*
- k) For laboratories having only one part – Procedure + Execution + Viva-Voce: $15+70+15 = 100$ Marks
 - l) For laboratories having PART A and PART B
 - i. Part A – Procedure + Execution + Viva = $6 + 28 + 6 = 40$ Marks
 - ii. Part B – Procedure + Execution + Viva = $9 + 42 + 9 = 60$ Marks


Head of the Department
Dept. of Artificial Intelligence & Machine Learning
Alva's Institute of Engineering and Technology
Shobhavara Campus, Mijar
Moodubidire 574 225, D.K. Karnataka, India