

VISVESVARAYA TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY, BELAGAVI
B.E. in Computer Science and Engineering
Scheme of Teaching and Examinations 2021
Outcome Based Education (OBE) and Choice Based Credit System (CBCS)
(Effective from the academic year 2021 - 22)

III SEMESTER												
Sl. No	Course and Course Code	Course Title	Teaching Department (TD) and Question and Paper Setting Board (PSB)	Teaching Hours /Week				Examination				Credits
				Theory Lecture	Tutorial	Practical/ Drawing	Self -Study	Duration in hours	CIE Marks	SEE Marks	Total Marks	
				L	T	P	S					
1	BSC 21MAT31	Transform Calculus, Fourier Series and Numerical Techniques	Maths	3	0	0		03	50	50	100	3
2	IPCC 21CS32	Data Structures and Applications	Any CS Board Department	3	0	2		03	50	50	100	4
3	IPCC 21CS33	Analog and Digital Electronics		3	0	2		03	50	50	100	4
4	PCC 21CS34	Computer Organization and Architecture		3	0	0		03	50	50	100	3
5	PCC 21CSL35	Object Oriented Programming with JAVA Laboratory		0	0	2		03	50	50	100	1
6	UHV 21UH36	Social Connect and Responsibility	Any Department	0	0	2		01	50	50	100	1
7	HSMC 21KSK37/47	Samskrutika Kannada	TD and PSB: HSMC	1	0	0		01	50	50	100	1
	HSMC 21KBK37/47	Balake Kannada										
	OR											
	HSMC 21CIP37/47	Constitution of India and Professional Ethics										
8	AEC 21CS38X/21 CSL38X	Ability Enhancement Course - III	TD: Concerned department PSB: Concerned Board	If offered as Theory Course				01	50	50	100	1
				1	0	0		02				
				If offered as lab. course								
				0	0	2						
Total								400	400	800	18	

9	Scheduled activities for III to VIII semesters	NMDC 21NS83	National Service Scheme (NSS)	NSS	All students have to register for any one of the course namely National Service Scheme, Physical Education (PE)(Sports and Athletics) and Yoga with the concerned coordinator of the course during the first week of III semester. The activities shall be carried out from (for 5 semesters) between III semester to VIII semester. SEE in the above courses shall be conducted during VIII semester examinations and the accumulated CIE marks shall be added to the SEE marks. Successful completion of the registered course is mandatory for the award of the degree. The events shall be appropriately scheduled by the colleges and the same shall be reflected in the colander prepared for the NSS, PE and Yoga activities.							
		NMDC 21PE83	Physical Education (PE)(Sports and Athletics)	PE								
		NMDC 21YO83	Yoga	Yoga								

Course prescribed to lateral entry Diploma holders admitted to III semester B.E./B.Tech programs

1	NCMC 21MATDIP31	Additional Mathematics - I	Maths	02	02	--	--	---	100	---	100	0
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Note:BSC: Basic Science Course, IPCC: Integrated Professional Core Course, PCC: Professional Core Course, INT –Internship, HSMC: Humanity and Social Science & Management Courses, AEC–Ability Enhancement Courses. UHV: Universal Human Value Course.

L –Lecture, T – Tutorial, P- Practical/ Drawing, S – Self Study Component, CIE: Continuous Internal Evaluation, SEE: Semester End Examination.TD-Teaching Department, PSB: Paper Setting department

21KSK37/47Samskrutika Kannada is for students who speak, read and write Kannada and **21KSK37/47**Balake Kannada is for non-Kannada speaking, reading, and writing students.

Integrated Professional Core Course (IPCC): Refers to Professional Theory Core Course Integrated with Practical's of the same course. Credit for IPCC can be 04 and its Teaching–Learning hours (L : T : P) can be considered as (3 : 0 : 2) or (2 : 2 : 2). The theory part of the IPCC shall be evaluated both by CIE and SEE. The practical part shall be evaluated by only CIE (no SEE). However, questions from the practical part of IPCC shall be included in the SEE question paper. For more details, the regulation governing the Degree of Bachelor of Engineering /Technology (BE/B.Tech.) 2021-22 may be referred.

21INT49 Inter/Intra Institutional Internship: All the students admitted to engineering programs under the lateral entry category shall have to undergo a mandatory 21INT49 Inter/Intra Institutional Internship of 03 weeks during the intervening period of III and IV semesters. The internship shall be slated for CIE only and will not have SEE. The letter grade earned through CIE shall be included in the IV semester grade card. The internship shall be considered as a head of passing and shall be considered for vertical progression and for the award of degree. Those, who do not take up / complete the internship shall be declared fail and shall have to complete during subsequently after satisfying the internship requirements. The faculty coordinator or mentor shall monitor the students' internship progress and interact with them for the successful completion of the internship.

Non-credit mandatory courses (NCMC):

(A) Additional Mathematics I and II:

(1) These courses are prescribed for III and IV semesters respectively to lateral entry Diploma holders admitted to III semester of B.E./B.Tech., programs. They shall attend the classes during the respective semesters to complete all the formalities of the course and appear for the Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE). In case, any student fails to register for the said course/fails to secure the minimum 40 % of the prescribed CIE marks, he/she shall be deemed to have secured an F grade. In such a case, the student has to fulfill the course requirements during subsequent semester/s to earn the qualifying CIE marks. These courses are slated for CIE only and has no SEE.

(2) Additional Mathematics I and II shall not be considered for vertical progression as well as for the calculation of SGPA and CGPA, but completion of the courses shall be mandatory for the award of degree.

(3) Successful completion of the courses Additional Mathematics I and II shall be indicated as satisfactory in the grade card. Non-completion of the courses Additional Mathematics I and II shall be indicated as Unsatisfactory.

(B) National Service Scheme/Physical Education (Sport and Athletics)/ Yoga:

(1) Securing 40 % or more in CIE, 35 % or more marks in SEE and 40 % or more in the sum total of CIE + SEE leads to successful completion of the registered course.

(2) In case, students fail to secure 35 % marks in SEE, they have to appear for SEE during the subsequent examinations conducted by the University.


(3) In case, any student fails to register for NSS, PE or Yoga/fails to secure the minimum 40 % of the prescribed CIE marks, he/she shall be deemed to have not completed the requirements of the course. In such a case, the student has to fulfill the course requirements during subsequent semester/s to earn the qualifying CIE marks.

(4) Successful completion of the course shall be indicated as satisfactory in the grade card. Non-completion of the course shall be indicated as Unsatisfactory.

(5) These courses shall not be considered for vertical progression as well as for the calculation of SGPA and CGPA, but completion of the courses shall be mandatory for the award of degree.

Ability Enhancement Course - III

21CSL381	Mastering Office	21CS383	
21CS382	Programming IN c++	21CS384	


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IV SEMESTER												
Sl. No	Course and Course Code	Course Title	Teaching Department (TD) and Question Paper Setting Board (PSB)	Teaching Hours /Week				Examination				Credits
				Theory Lecture	Tutorial	Practical/ Drawing	Self -Study	Duration in hours	CIE Marks	SEE Marks	Total Marks	
				L	T	P	S					
1	BSC 21CS41	Mathematical Foundations for Computing	Maths	2	2	0		03	50	50	100	3
2	IPCC 21CS42	Design and Analysis of Algorithms	Any CS Board Department	3	0	2		03	50	50	100	4
3	IPCC 21CS43	Microcontroller and Embedded SystemS		3	0	2		03	50	50	100	4
4	PCC 21CS44	Operating SystemS		2	2	0		03	50	50	100	3
5	AEC 21BE45	Biology For Engineers	BT, CHE, PHY	2	0	0		02	50	50	100	2
6	PCC 21CSL46	Python Programming Laboratory	Any CS Board Department	0	0	2		03	50	50	100	1
7	HSMC 21KSK37/47	Samskrutika Kannada	HSMC	1	0	0		01	50	50	100	1
	HSMC 21KBK37/47	Balake Kannada										
	OR											
	HSMC 21CIP37/47	Constitution of India & Professional Ethics										
8	AEC 21CS48X/21C SL48X	Ability Enhancement Course- IV	TD and PSB: Concerned department	If offered as theory Course				01	50	50	100	1
				1	0	0						
				If offered as lab. course				02				
9	UHV 21UH49	UniversalHumanValues	Any Department	1	0	0		01	50	50	100	1
10	INT 21INT49	Inter/Intra Institutional Internship	Evaluation By the appropriate authorities	Completed during the intervening period of II and III semesters by students admitted to first year of BE./B.Tech and during the intervening period of III and IV semesters by Lateral entry students admitted to III semester.				3	100	--	100	2
Total								550	450	1000	22	

Course prescribed to lateral entry Diploma holders admitted to III semester of Engineering programs

1	NCMC 21MATDIP41	Additional Mathematics - II	Maths	02	02	--	--	--	100	--	100	0
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L –Lecture, T – Tutorial, P- Practical/ Drawing, S – Self Study Component, CIE: Continuous Internal Evaluation, SEE: Semester End Examination.

21KSK37/47 Samskrutika Kannada is for students who speak, read and write Kannada and 21KBK37/47 Balake Kannada is for non-Kannada speaking, reading, and writing students.

Integrated Professional Core Course (IPCC): Refers to Professional Theory Core Course Integrated with Practical's of the same course. Credit for IPCC can be 04 and its Teaching – Learning hours (L : T : P) can be considered as (3 : 0 : 2) or (2 : 2 : 2). The theory part of the IPCC shall be evaluated both by CIE and SEE. The practical part shall be evaluated by only CIE (no SEE). However, questions from practical part of IPCC shall be included in the SEE question paper. For more details the regulation governing the Degree of Bachelor of Engineering /Technology (BE/B.Tech.) 2021-22 may be referred.

Non – credit mandatory course (NCMC):

Additional Mathematics - II:

(1) Lateral entry Diploma holders admitted to III semester of B.E./B.Tech., shall attend the classes during the IV semester to complete all the formalities of the course and appear for the Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE). In case, any student fails to register for the said course/fails to

secure the minimum 40 % of the prescribed CIE marks, he/she shall be deemed to have secured an F grade. In such a case, the student has to fulfil the course requirements during subsequent semester/s to earn the qualifying CIE marks. These courses are slated for CIE only and has no SEE.

(2) Additional Mathematics I and II shall not be considered for vertical progression as well as for the calculation of SGPA and CGPA, but completion of the courses shall be mandatory for the award of degree.

(3) Successful completion of the course Additional Mathematics II shall be indicated as satisfactory in the grade card. Non-completion of the courses Additional Mathematics II shall be indicated as Unsatisfactory.

Ability Enhancement Course - IV

21CSL481	Web Programming	21CSL483	R Programming
21CS482	Unix Shell Programming	21CS484	

Internship of 04 weeks during the intervening period of IV and V semesters; 21INT68 Innovation/ Entrepreneurship/ Societal based Internship.

(1) All the students shall have to undergo a mandatory internship of 04 weeks during the intervening period of IV and V semesters. The internship shall be slated for CIE only and will not have SEE. The letter grade earned through CIE shall be included in the VI semester grade card. The internship shall be considered as a head of passing and shall be considered for vertical progression and for the award of degree. Those, who do not take up / complete the internship shall be considered under F (fail) grade and shall have to complete during subsequently after satisfying the internship requirements.


(2) Innovation/ Entrepreneurship Internship shall be carried out at industry, State and Central Government /Non-government organizations (NGOs), micro, small and medium enterprise (MSME), Innovation centers or Incubation centers. Innovation need not be a single major breakthrough; it can also be a series of small or incremental changes. Innovation of any kind can also happen outside of the business world.

Entrepreneurship internships offers a chance to gain hands on experience in the world of entrepreneurship and helps to learn what it takes to run a small entrepreneurial business by performing intern duties with an established company. This experience can then be applied to future business endeavours. Start-ups and small companies are a preferred place to learn the business tack ticks for future entrepreneurs as learning how a small business operates will serve the intern well when he/she manages his/her own company. Entrepreneurship acts as a catalyst to open the minds to creativity and innovation. Entrepreneurship internship can be from several sectors, including technology, small and medium-sized, and the service sector.

(3) Societal or social internship.

Urbanization is increasing on a global scale; and yet, half the world's population still resides in rural areas and is devoid of many things that urban population enjoy. Rural internship, is a work-based activity in which students will have a chance to solve/reduce the problems of the rural place for better living.

As proposed under the AICTE rural internship programme, activities under Societal or social internship, particularly in rural areas, shall be considered for 40 points under AICTE activity point programme.


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TRANSFORM CALCULUS, FOURIER SERIES AND NUMERICAL TECHNIQUES			
Course Code:	21MAT31	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03
Course Objectives: <p>CLO 1. To have an insight into solving ordinary differential equations by using Laplace transform techniques</p> <p>CLO 2. Learn to use the Fourier series to represent periodical physical phenomena in engineering analysis.</p> <p>CLO 3. To enable the students to study Fourier Transforms and concepts of infinite Fourier Sine and Cosine transforms and to learn the method of solving difference equations by the z-transform method.</p> <p>CLO 4. To develop the proficiency in solving ordinary and partial differential equations arising in engineering applications, using numerical methods</p>			
Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions) <p>These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Lecturer method (L) need not to be only traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes. 2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts. 3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class. 4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking. 5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it. 6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations. 7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them. 8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding. 			
Module-1			
Definition and Laplace transforms of elementary functions (statements only). Problems on Laplace transform of $e^{at}f(t)$, $t^n f(t)$, $\frac{f(t)}{t}$. Laplace transforms of Periodic functions (statement only) and unit-step function - problems.			
Inverse Laplace transforms definition and problems, Convolution theorem to find the inverse Laplace transforms (without Proof) and problems. Laplace transforms of derivatives, solution of differential equations.			
Self-study: Solution of simultaneous first-order differential equations.			
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and talk method /		
Module-2			
Introduction to infinite series, convergence and divergence. Periodic functions, Dirichlet's condition. Fourier series of periodic functions with period 2π and arbitrary period. Half range Fourier series. Practical harmonic analysis.			
Self-study: Convergence of series by D'Alembert's Ratio test and, Cauchy's root test			
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and talk method / Powerpoint Presentation		

Module-3	
Infinite Fourier transforms definition, Fourier sine and cosine transforms. Inverse Fourier transforms, Inverse Fourier cosine and sine transforms. Problems.	
Difference equations, z-transform-definition, Standard z-transforms, Damping and shifting rules, Problems. Inverse z-transform and applications to solve difference equations.	
Self-Study: Initial value and final value theorems, problems.	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and talk method / Powerpoint Presentation
Module-4	
Classifications of second-order partial differential equations, finite difference approximations to derivatives, Solution of Laplace's equation using standard five-point formula. Solution of heat equation by Schmidt explicit formula and Crank- Nicholson method, Solution of the Wave equation. Problems.	
Self-Study: Solution of Poisson equations using standard five-point formula.	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and talk method / Powerpoint Presentation
Module-5	
Second-order differential equations - Runge-Kutta method and Milne's predictor and corrector method. (No derivations of formulae).	
Calculus of Variations: Functionals, Euler's equation, Problems on extremals of functional. Geodesics on a plane, Variational problems.	
Self-Study: Hanging chain problem	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and talk method / PowerPoint Presentation
Course Outcomes (Course Skill Set) At the end of the course the student will be able to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> CO 1. To solve ordinary differential equations using Laplace transform. CO 2. Demonstrate Fourier series to study the behaviour of periodic functions and their applications in system communications, digital signal processing and field theory. CO 3. To use Fourier transforms to analyze problems involving continuous-time signals and to apply Z-Transform techniques to solve difference equations CO 4. To solve mathematical models represented by initial or boundary value problems involving partial differential equations CO 5. Determine the extremals of functionals using calculus of variations and solve problems arising in dynamics of rigid bodies and vibrational analysis. 	
Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE) The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together Continuous Internal Evaluation: Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour) <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester 2. Second test at the end of the 10th week of the semester 3. Third test at the end of the 15th week of the semester Two assignments each of 10 Marks <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester 5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for 20 Marks (duration 01 hours)	

6. At the end of the 13th week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be scaled down to 50 marks

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks.
2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

1. B. S. Grewal: "Higher Engineering Mathematics", Khanna publishers, 44th Ed.2018
2. E. Kreyszig: "Advanced Engineering Mathematics", John Wiley & Sons, 10th Ed. (Reprint), 2016.

Reference Books:

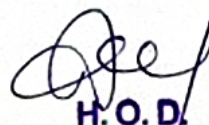
1. V. Ramana: "Higher Engineering Mathematics" McGraw-Hill Education, 11th Ed.
2. Srimanta Pal & Subodh C. Bhunia: "Engineering Mathematics" Oxford University Press, 3rd Reprint, 2016.
3. N.P Bali and Manish Goyal: "A textbook of Engineering Mathematics" Laxmi Publications, Latest edition.
4. C. Ray Wylie, Louis C. Barrett: "Advanced Engineering Mathematics" McGraw - Hill Book Co.Newyork, Latest ed.
5. Gupta C.B, Sing S.R and Mukesh Kumar: "Engineering Mathematic for Semester I and II", McGraw Hill Education(India) Pvt. Ltd 2015.
6. H.K.Dass and Er. Rajnish Verma: "Higher Engineering Mathematics" S.Chand Publication (2014).
7. James Stewart: "Calculus" Cengage publications, 7th edition, 4th Reprint 2019

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

1. [http://www.class-central.com/subject/math\(MOOCs\)](http://www.class-central.com/subject/math(MOOCs))
2. <http://academicearth.org/>
3. <http://www.bookstreet.in>.
4. VTU e-Shikshana Program
5. VTU EDUSAT Program

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- Quizzes
- Assignments
- Seminars



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DATA STRUCTURES AND APPLICATIONS

Course Code:	21CS32	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40 T + 20 P	Total Marks	100
Credits	04	Exam Hours	03

Course Objectives:

- CLO 1. Explain the fundamentals of data structures and their applications essential for implementing solutions to problems.
- CLO 2. Illustrate representation of data structures: Stack, Queues, Linked Lists, Trees and Graphs.
- CLO 3. Design and Develop Solutions to problems using Arrays, Structures, Stack, Queues, Linked Lists.
- CLO 4. Explore usage of Trees and Graph for application development.
- CLO 5. Apply the Hashing techniques in mapping key value pairs.

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

1. Lecturer method (L) need not to be only traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.
3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.
7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1

Introduction: Data Structures, Classifications (Primitive & Non-Primitive), Data structure operations (Traversing, inserting, deleting, searching, and sorting). Review of Arrays. Structures: Array of structures Self-Referential Structures.

Dynamic Memory Allocation Functions. Representation of Linear Arrays in Memory, dynamically allocated arrays and Multidimensional Arrays.

Demonstration of representation of Polynomials and Sparse Matrices with arrays.

Textbook 1: Chapter 1: 1.2, Chapter 2: 2.2 - 2.7, Text Textbook 2: Chapter 1: 1.1 - 1.4, Chapter 3: 3.1 - 3.3, 3.5, 3.7, Chapter 4: 4.1 - 4.9, 4.14 Textbook 3: Chapter 1: 1.3

Laboratory Component:

1. Design, Develop and Implement a menu driven Program in C for the following Array Operations
 - a. Creating an Array of N Integer Elements
 - b. Display of Array Elements with Suitable Headings
 - c. Exit.

Support the program with functions for each of the above operations.
2. Design, Develop and Implement a menu driven Program in C for the following Array operations
 - a. Inserting an Element (ELEM) at a given valid Position (POS)
 - b. Deleting an Element at a given valid Position POS)

- a. Create a DLL stack of N Professor's Data.
 - b. Create a DLL queue of N Professor's Data
- Display the status of DLL and count the number of nodes in it.

Teaching-Learning Process	MOOC, Active Learning, Problem solving based on linked lists. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/102/106102064/ https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp/linked-list/basics/overview.html https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/List%20of%20experiments.html https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp/linked-list/basics/overview.html https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/List%20of%20experiments.html
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Module-4

Trees 1: Terminologies, Binary Trees, Properties of Binary trees, Array and linked Representation of Binary Trees, Binary Tree Traversals - Inorder, postorder, preorder; Threaded binary trees, Binary Search Trees – Definition, Insertion, Deletion, Traversal, and Searching operation on Binary search tree. Application of Trees-Evaluation of Expression.

Textbook 1: Chapter 5: 5.1 –5.5, 5.7; **Textbook 2:** Chapter 7: 7.1 – 7.9

Laboratory Component:

1. Given an array of elements, construct a complete binary tree from this array in level order fashion. That is, elements from left in the array will be filled in the tree level wise starting from level 0. Ex: Input :
arr[] = {1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6}
Output : Root of the following tree

```

      1
     /\
    2 3
   /\ /\
  4 5 6

```
2. Design, Develop and Implement a menu driven Program in C for the following operations on Binary Search Tree (BST) of Integers
 - a. Create a BST of N Integers
 - b. Traverse the BST in Inorder, Preorder and Post Order

Teaching-Learning Process	Problem based learning http://www.nptelvideos.in/2012/11/data-structures-and-algorithms.html https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp/tree-traversal/index.html https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp/tree-traversal/depth-first-traversal/dft-practice.html
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Module-5

Trees 2: AVL tree, Red-black tree, Splay tree, B-tree.

Graphs: Definitions, Terminologies, Matrix and Adjacency List Representation of Graphs, Traversal methods: Breadth First Search and Depth FirstSearch.

Hashing: Hash Table organizations, Hashing Functions, Static and Dynamic Hashing.

Textbook 1: Chapter 10:10.2, 10.3, 10.4, **Textbook 2:**7.10 – 7.12, 7.15 **Chapter 11:** 11.2, **Textbook 1:** Chapter 6 : 6.1–6.2, Chapter 8 : 8.1-8.3, **Textbook 2:** 8.1 – 8.3, 8.5, 8.7

Textbook 3: Chapter 15:15.1, 15.2,15.3, 15.4,15.5 and 15.7

Laboratory Component:

1. Design, Develop and implement a program in C for the following operations on Graph (G) of cities
 - a. Create a Graph of N cities using Adjacency Matrix.
 - b. Print all the nodes reachable from a given starting node in a diagraph using DFS/BFS method.
2. Design and develop a program in C that uses Hash Function $H:K \rightarrow L$ as $H(K)=K \bmod m$ (reminder method) and implement hashing technique to map a given key K to the address space L. Resolve the collision (if any) using linear probing.

Teaching-Learning Process

NPTL, MOOC etc. courses on trees and graphs.
<http://www.nptelvideos.in/2012/11/data-structures-and-algorithms.html>

Course Outcomes (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Identify different data structures and their applications.
- CO 2. Apply stack and queues in solving problems.
- CO 3. Demonstrate applications of linked list.
- CO 4. Explore the applications of trees and graphs to model and solve the real-world problem.
- CO 5. Make use of Hashing techniques and resolve collisions during mapping of key value pairs

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)

1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester
2. Second test at the end of the 10th week of the semester
3. Third test at the end of the 15th week of the semester

Two assignments each of 10 Marks

4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Practical Sessions need to be assessed by appropriate rubrics and viva-voce method. This will contribute to 20 marks.

- Rubrics for each Experiment taken average for all Lab components – 15 Marks.
- Viva-Voce– 5 Marks (more emphasized on demonstration topics)

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and practical sessions will be out of 100 marks and will be scaled down to 50 marks

(to have a less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (duration 03 hours)

1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 Marks
2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), should have a mix of topics under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:**Textbooks:**

1. Ellis Horowitz and Sartaj Sahni, Fundamentals of Data Structures in C, 2nd Ed, Universities Press, 2014.
2. Seymour Lipschutz, Data Structures Schaum's Outlines, Revised 1st Ed, McGraw Hill, 2014.
3. Reema Thareja, Data Structures using C, 3rd Ed, Oxford press, 2012.

Reference Books:

1. Gilberg and Forouzan, Data Structures: A Pseudo-code approach with C, 2nd Ed, Cengage Learning, 2014.
2. Jean-Paul Tremblay & Paul G. Sorenson, An Introduction to Data Structures with Applications, 2nd Ed, McGraw Hill, 2013
3. A M Tenenbaum, Data Structures using C, PHI, 1989
4. Robert Kruse, Data Structures and Program Design in C, 2nd Ed, PHI, 1996.

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

1. <http://elearning.vtu.ac.in/econtent/courses/video/CSE/06CS35.html>
2. <https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/105/106105171/>
3. <http://www.nptelvideos.in/2012/11/data-structures-and-algorithms.html>

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- Real world problem solving using group discussion.
- Back/Forward stacks on browsers.
- Undo/Redo stacks in Excel or Word.
- Linked list representation of real-world queues -Music player, image viewer

Karnaugh maps: minimum forms of switching functions, two and three variable Karnaugh maps, four variable Karnaugh maps, determination of minimum expressions using essential prime implicants, Quine-McClusky Method: determination of prime implicants, the prime implicant chart, Petrick's method, simplification of incompletely specified functions, simplification using map-entered variables

Textbook 1: Part B: Chapter 5 (Sections 5.1 to 5.4) Chapter 6 (Sections 6.1 to 6.5)

Laboratory Component:

1. Given a 4-variable logic expression, simplify it using appropriate technique and implement the same using basic gates.

Teaching-Learning Process

1. Chalk and Board for numerical
2. Laboratory Demonstration

Module-3

Combinational circuit design and simulation using gates: Review of Combinational circuit design, design of circuits with limited Gate Fan-in, Gate delays and Timing diagrams, Hazards in combinational Logic, simulation and testing of logic circuits

Multiplexers, Decoders and Programmable Logic Devices: Multiplexers, three state buffers, decoders and encoders, Programmable Logic devices.

Textbook 1: Part B: Chapter 8, Chapter 9 (Sections 9.1 to 9.6)

Laboratory Component:

1. Given a 4-variable logic expression, simplify it using appropriate technique and realize the simplified logic expression using 8:1 multiplexer IC.
2. Design and implement code converter I) Binary to Gray (II) Gray to Binary Code

Teaching-Learning Process

1. Demonstration using simulator
2. Case study: Applications of Programmable Logic device
3. Chalk and Board for numerical

Module-4

Introduction to VHDL: VHDL description of combinational circuits, VHDL Models for multiplexers, VHDL Modules.

Latches and Flip-Flops: Set Reset Latch, Gated Latches, Edge-Triggered D Flip Flop, SR Flip Flop, J K Flip Flop, T Flip Flop.

Textbook 1: Part B: Chapter 10 (Sections 10.1 to 10.3), Chapter 11 (Sections 11.1 to 11.7)

Laboratory Component:

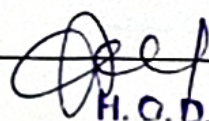
1. Given a 4-variable logic expression, simplify it using appropriate technique and simulate the same in HDL simulator
2. Realize a J-K Master / Slave Flip-Flop using NAND gates and verify its truth table. And implement the same in HDL.

Teaching-Learning Process

1. Demonstration using simulator
2. Case study: Arithmetic and Logic unit in VHDL
3. Chalk and Board for numerical

Module-5

Registers and Counters: Registers and Register Transfers, Parallel Adder with accumulator, shift registers, design of Binary counters, counters for other sequences, counter design using SR and J K Flip Flops.


H. O. P.

ANALOG AND DIGITAL ELECTRONICS			
Course Code	21CS33	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40 T + 20 P	Total Marks	100
Credits	04	Exam Hours	03
Course Learning Objectives: CLO 1. Explain the use of photo electronics devices, 555 timer IC, Regulator ICs and uA741 CLO 2. Make use of simplifying techniques in the design of combinational circuits. CLO 3. Illustrate combinational and sequential digital circuits CLO 4. Demonstrate the use of flipflops and apply for registers CLO 5. Design and test counters, Analog-to-Digital and Digital-to-Analog conversion techniques.			
Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions) These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes. <ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Lecturer method (L) does not mean only traditional lecture method, but different type of teaching methods may be adopted to develop the outcomes.2. Show Video/animation films to explain functioning of various concepts.3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop thinking skills such as the ability to evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.6. Topics will be introduced in a multiple representation.7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.			
Module-1			
BJT Biasing: Fixed bias, Collector to base Bias, voltage divider bias Operational Amplifier Application Circuits: Peak Detector, Schmitt trigger, Active Filters, Non-Linear Amplifier, Relaxation Oscillator, Current-to-Voltage and Voltage-to-Current Converter, Regulated Power Supply Parameters, adjustable voltage regulator, D to A and A to D converter.			
Textbook 1: Part A: Chapter 4 (Sections 4.2, 4.3, 4.4), Chapter 7 (Sections 7.4, 7.6 to 7.11), Chapter 8 (Sections 8.1 and 8.5), Chapter 9.			
Laboratory Component: <ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Simulate BJT CE voltage divider biased voltage amplifier using any suitable circuit simulator.2. Using ua 741 Opamp, design a 1 kHz Relaxation Oscillator with 50% duty cycle3. Design an astable multivibrator circuit for three cases of duty cycle (50%, <50% and >50%) using NE 555 timer IC.4. Using ua 741 opamap, design a window comparator for any given UTP and LTP.			
Teaching-Learning Process		<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Demonstration of circuits using simulation.2. Project work: Design a integrated power supply and function generator operating at audio frequency. Sine, square and triangular functions are to be generated.3. Chalk and Board for numerical	
Module-2			

Textbook 1: Part B: Chapter 12 (Sections 12.1 to 12.5)**Laboratory Component:**

1. Design and implement a mod-n ($n < 8$) synchronous up counter using J-K Flip-Flop ICs and demonstrate its working.
2. Design and implement an asynchronous counter using decade counter IC to count up from 0 to n ($n \leq 9$) and demonstrate on 7-segment display (using IC-7447)

Teaching-Learning Process

1. Demonstration using simulator
2. Project Work: Designing any counter, use LED / Seven-segment display to display the output
3. Chalk and Board for numerical

Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Design and analyze application of analog circuits using photo devices, timer IC, power supply and regulator IC and op-amp.
- CO 2. Explain the basic principles of A/D and D/A conversion circuits and develop the same.
- CO 3. Simplify digital circuits using Karnaugh Map, and Quine-McClusky Methods
- CO 4. Explain Gates and flip flops and make us in designing different data processing circuits, registers and counters and compare the types.
- CO 5. Develop simple HDL programs

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)

1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester
2. Second test at the end of the 10th week of the semester
3. Third test at the end of the 15th week of the semester

Two assignments each of 10 Marks

4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Practical Sessions need to be assessed by appropriate rubrics and viva-voce method. This will contribute to 20 marks.

- Rubrics for each Experiment taken average for all Lab components – 15 Marks.
- Viva-Voce– 5 Marks (more emphasized on demonstration topics)

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and practical sessions will be out of 100 marks and will be scaled down to 50 marks

(to have a less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (duration 03 hours)

1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks
2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), should have a mix of topics under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

1. Charles H Roth and Larry L Kinney and Raghunandan G H Analog and Digital Electronics, Cengage Learning, 2019

Reference Books

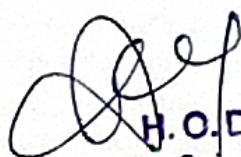
1. Anil K Maini, Varsha Agarwal, Electronic Devices and Circuits, Wiley, 2012.
2. Donald P Leach, Albert Paul Malvino & Goutam Saha, Digital Principles and Applications, 8th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2015.
3. M. Morris Mani, Digital Design, 4th Edition, Pearson Prentice Hall, 2008.
4. David A. Bell, Electronic Devices and Circuits, 5th Edition, Oxford University Press, 2008

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

1. Analog Electronic Circuits: <https://nptel.ac.in/courses/108/102/108102112/>
2. Digital Electronic Circuits: <https://nptel.ac.in/courses/108/105/108105132/>
3. Analog Electronics Lab: <http://vlabs.iitkgp.ac.in/be/>
4. Digital Electronics Lab: <http://vlabs.iitkgp.ac.in/dec>

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

1. Real world problem solving - applying the design concepts of oscillator, amplifier, switch, Digital circuits using Opamps, 555 timer, transistor, Digital ICs and design a application like tone generator, temperature sensor, digital clock, dancing lights etc.



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COMPUTER ORGANIZATION AND ARCHITECTURE			
Course Code	21CS34	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03
Course Learning Objectives			
CLO 1. Understand the organization and architecture of computer systems, their structure and operation			
CLO 2. Illustrate the concept of machine instructions and programs			
CLO 3. Demonstrate different ways of communicating with I/O devices			
CLO 4. Describe different types memory devices and their functions			
CLO 5. Explain arithmetic and logical operations with different data types			
CLO 6. Demonstrate processing unit with parallel processing and pipeline architecture			
Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)			
These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.			
1. Lecturer method (L) need not to be only a traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.			
2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.			
3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.			
4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.			
5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.			
6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.			
7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different circuits/logic and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.			
8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.			
Module-1			
Basic Structure of Computers: Basic Operational Concepts, Bus Structures, Performance – Processor Clock, Basic Performance Equation, Clock Rate, Performance Measurement.			
Machine Instructions and Programs: Memory Location and Addresses, Memory Operations, Instructions and Instruction Sequencing, Addressing Modes			
Textbook 1: Chapter1 – 1.3, 1.4, 1.6 (1.6.1-1.6.4, 1.6.7), Chapter2 – 2.2 to 2.5			
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Problem based learning		
Module-2			
Input/Output Organization: Accessing I/O Devices, Interrupts – Interrupt Hardware, Direct Memory Access, Buses, Interface Circuits			
Textbook 1: Chapter4 – 4.1, 4.2, 4.4, 4.5, 4.6			
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration		
Module-3			
Memory System: Basic Concepts, Semiconductor RAM Memories, Read Only Memories, Speed, Size, and Cost, Cache Memories – Mapping Functions, Virtual memories			
Textbook 1: Chapter 5 – 5.1 to 5.4, 5.5 (5.5.1, 5.5.2)			
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration		

Module-4

Arithmetic: Numbers, Arithmetic Operations and Characters, Addition and Subtraction of Signed Numbers, Design of Fast Adders, Multiplication of Positive Numbers

Basic Processing Unit: Fundamental Concepts, Execution of a Complete Instruction, Hardwired control, Microprogrammed control

Textbook 1: Chapter2-2.1, Chapter6 - 6.1 to 6.3

Textbook 1: Chapter7 - 7.1, 7.2, 7.4, 7.5

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk& board, Problem based learning
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Module-5

Pipeline and Vector Processing: Parallel Processing, Pipelining, Arithmetic Pipeline, Instruction Pipeline, Vector Processing, Array Processors

Textbook 2: Chapter 9 - 9.1, 9.2, 9.3, 9.4, 9.6, 9.7

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, MOOC
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Course Outcomes

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Explain the organization and architecture of computer systems with machine instructions and programs
- CO 2. Analyze the input/output devices communicating with computer system
- CO 3. Demonstrate the functions of different types of memory devices
- CO 4. Apply different data types on simple arithmetic and logical unit
- CO 5. Analyze the functions of basic processing unit, Parallel processing and pipelining

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)

1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester
2. Second test at the end of the 10th week of the semester
3. Third test at the end of the 15th week of the semester

Two assignments each of 10 Marks

4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for 20 Marks (duration 01 hours)

6. At the end of the 13th week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be scaled down to 50 marks

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (duration 03 hours)

1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks
2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), should have a mix of topics under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Textbooks

1. Carl Hamacher, Zvonko Vranesic, Safwat Zaky, Computer Organization, 5th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill
2. M. Morris Mano, Computer System Architecture, PHI, 3rd Edition

Reference:


1. William Stallings: Computer Organization & Architecture, 9th Edition, Pearson

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

1. <https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/103/106103068/>
2. <https://nptel.ac.in/content/storage2/courses/106103068/pdf/coa.pdf>
3. <https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/105/106105163/>
4. <https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/106/106106092/>
5. <https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/106/106106166/>
6. <http://www.nptelvideos.in/2012/11/computer-organization.html>

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- Discussion and literature survey on real world use cases
- Quizzes


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OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING WITH JAVA LABORATORY			
Course Code	21CSL35	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	0:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	24	Total Marks	100
Credits	1	Exam Hours	03
Course Objectives: CLO 1. Demonstrate the use of Eclipse/Netbeans IDE to create Java Applications. CLO 2. Using java programming to develop programs for solving real-world problems. CLO 3. Reinforce the understanding of basic object-oriented programming concepts.			
Note: two hours tutorial is suggested for each laboratory sessions.			
Prerequisite			
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Students should be familiarized about java installation and setting the java environment. Usage of IDEs like Eclipse/Netbeans should be introduced. 		
Sl. No.	PART A - List of problems for which student should develop program and execute in the Laboratory		
1	Aim: Introduce the java fundamentals, data types, operators in java Program: Write a java program that prints all real solutions to the quadratic equation $ax^2+bx+c=0$. Read in a, b, c and use the quadratic formula.		
2	Aim: Demonstrating creation of java classes, objects, constructors, declaration and initialization of variables. Program: Create a Java class called Student with the following details as variables within it. USN Name Branch Phone Write a Java program to create n Student objects and print the USN, Name, Branch, and Phone of these objects with suitable headings.		
3	Aim: Discuss the various Decision-making statements, loop constructs in java Program: A. Write a program to check prime number B. Write a program for Arithmetic calculator using switch case menu		
4	Aim: Demonstrate the core object-oriented concept of Inheritance, polymorphism Design a super class called Staff with details as StaffId, Name, Phone, Salary. Extend this class by writing three subclasses namely Teaching (domain, publications), Technical (skills), and Contract (period). Write a Java program to read and display at least 3 staff objects of all three categories.		
5	Aim: Introduce concepts of method overloading, constructor overloading, overriding. Program: Write a java program demonstrating Method overloading and Constructor overloading.		
6	Aim: Introduce the concept of Abstraction, packages. Program: Develop a java application to implement currency converter (Dollar to INR, EURO to INR, Yen to INR and vice versa), distance converter (meter to KM, miles to KM and vice versa), time converter (hours to minutes, seconds and vice versa) using packages.		
7	Aim: Introduction to abstract classes, abstract methods, and Interface in java		

	Program: Write a program to generate the resume. Create 2 Java classes Teacher (data: personal information, qualification, experience, achievements) and Student (data: personal information, result, discipline) which implements the java interface Resume with the method biodata().
8	<p>Aim: Demonstrate creation of threads using Thread class and Runnable interface, multi-threaded programming.</p> <p>Program: Write a Java program that implements a multi-thread application that has three threads. First thread generates a random integer for every 1 second; second thread computes the square of the number and prints; third thread will print the value of cube of the number.</p>
9	<p>Aim: Introduce java Collections.</p> <p>Program: Write a program to perform string operations using ArrayList. Write functions for the following a. Append - add at end b. Insert - add at particular index c. Search d. List all string starts with given letter.</p>
10	<p>Aim: Exception handling in java, introduction to throwable class, throw, throws, finally.</p> <p>Program: Write a Java program to read two integers a and b. Compute a/b and print, when b is not zero. Raise an exception when b is equal to zero.</p>
11	<p>Aim: Introduce File operations in java.</p> <p>Program: Write a java program that reads a file name from the user, displays information about whether the file exists, whether the file is readable, or writable, the type of file and the length of the file in bytes</p>
12	<p>Aim: Introduce java Applet, awt, swings.</p> <p>Programs: Develop an applet that displays a simple message in center of the screen. Develop a simple calculator using Swings.</p>
PART B - Practical Based Learning	
01	A problem statement for each batch is to be generated in consultation with the co-examiner and student should develop an algorithm, program and execute the program for the given problem with appropriate outputs.

Course Outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Use Eclipse/NetBeans IDE to design, develop, debug Java Projects.
- CO 2. Analyze the necessity for Object Oriented Programming paradigm over structured programming and become familiar with the fundamental concepts in OOP.
- CO 3. Demonstrate the ability to design and develop java programs, analyze, and interpret object-oriented data and document results.
- CO 4. Apply the concepts of multiprogramming, exception/event handling, abstraction to develop robust programs.
- CO 5. Develop user friendly applications using File I/O and GUI concepts.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each course. The student has to secure not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE).

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):

CIE marks for the practical course is 50 Marks.

The split-up of CIE marks for record/ journal and test are in the ratio 60:40.

- Each experiment to be evaluated for conduction with observation sheet and record write-up. Rubrics for the evaluation of the journal/write-up for hardware/software experiments designed by the faculty who is handling the laboratory session and is made known to students at the beginning of the practical session.
- Record should contain all the specified experiments in the syllabus and each experiment write-up will be evaluated for 10 marks.
- Total marks scored by the students are scaled down to 30 marks (60% of maximum marks).
- Weightage to be given for neatness and submission of record/write-up on time.
- Department shall conduct 02 tests for 100 marks, the first test shall be conducted after the 8th week of the semester and the second test shall be conducted after the 14th week of the semester.
- In each test, test write-up, conduction of experiment, acceptable result, and procedural knowledge will carry a weightage of 60% and the rest 40% for viva-voce.
- The suitable rubrics can be designed to evaluate each student's performance and learning ability. Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book
- The average of 02 tests is scaled down to 20 marks (40% of the maximum marks).

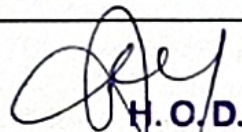
The Sum of scaled-down marks scored in the report write-up/journal and average marks of two tests is the total CIE marks scored by the student.

Semester End Evaluation (SEE):

- SEE marks for the practical course is 50 Marks.
- SEE shall be conducted jointly by the two examiners of the same Institute, examiners are appointed by the University
- All laboratory experiments are to be included for practical examination.
- (Rubrics) Breakup of marks and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script to be strictly adhered to by the examiners. OR based on the course requirement evaluation rubrics shall be decided jointly by examiners.
- Students can pick one question (experiment) from the questions lot prepared by the internal /external examiners jointly.
- Evaluation of test write-up/ conduction procedure and result/viva will be conducted jointly by examiners.
- General rubrics suggested for SEE are mentioned here, writeup-20%, Conduction procedure and result in -60%, Viva-voce 20% of maximum marks. SEE for practical shall be evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks (however, based on course type, rubrics shall be decided by the examiners)
- *Students can pick one experiment from the questions lot of PART A with equal choice to all the students in a batch. For PART B examiners should frame a question for each batch, student should develop an algorithm, program, execute and demonstrate the results with appropriate output for the given problem.*
- *Weightage of marks for PART A is 80% and for PART B is 20%. General rubrics suggested to be followed for part A and part B.*
- Change of experiment is allowed only once and Marks allotted to the procedure part to be made zero (Not allowed for Part B).
- The duration of SEE is 03 hours
- Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book

Suggested Learning Resources:

1. E Balagurusamy, Programming with Java, Graw Hill, 6th Edition, 2019.
2. Herbert Schildt, C: Java the Complete Reference, McGraw Hill, 11th Edition, 2020


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MASTERING OFFICE (Practical based)			
Course Code	21CSL381	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	1:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	12T + 12P	Total Marks	100
Credits	01	Exam Hours	02
Course Objectives: CLO 1. Understand the basics of computers and prepare documents and small presentations. CLO 2. Attain the knowledge about spreadsheet/worksheet with various options. CLO 3. Create simple presentations using templates various options available. CLO 4. Demonstrate the ability to apply application software in an office environment. CLO 5. Use MS Office to create projects, applications.			
Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions) These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes. <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Lecturer method (L) need not to be only traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes. 2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts. 3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class. 4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking. 5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it. 6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations. 7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different circuits/logic and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them. 8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding. 			
Module-1			
MS-Word -Working with Files, Text – Formatting, Moving, copying and pasting text, Styles – Lists – Bulleted and numbered lists, Nested lists, Formatting lists. Table Manipulations. Graphics – Adding clip Art, add an image from a file, editing graphics, Page formatting – Header and footers, page numbers, Protect the Document, Mail Merge, Macros – Creating & Saving web pages, Hyperlinks.			
Textbook 1: Chapter 2			
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, practical based learning		
Module-2			
MS-Excel- Modifying a Worksheet – Moving through cells, adding worksheets, rows and columns, Resizing rows and columns, selecting cells, Moving and copying cells, freezing panes – Macros – recording and running. Linking worksheets – Sorting and Filling, Alternating text and numbers with Auto fill, Auto filling functions. Graphics – Adding clip art, add an image from a file, Charts – Using chart Wizard, Copy a chart to Microsoft Word.			
Textbook 1: Chapter 3			
Teaching-Learning Process	Active Learning, Demonstration, presentation,		
Module-3			
MS-Power Point -Create a Presentation from a template- Working with Slides – Insert a new slide, applying a design template, changing slide layouts – Resizing a text box, Text box properties, delete a text box – Video and Audio effects, Color Schemes & Backgrounds Adding clip art, adding an image from a file, Save as a web page.			

Textbook 1: Chapter 5

Teaching-Learning Process	Demonstration, presentation preparation for case studies
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Module-4

MS-Access - Using Access database wizard, pages and projects. Creating Tables – Create a Table in design view. Datasheet Records – Adding, Editing, deleting records, Adding and deleting columns Resizing rows and columns, finding data in a table & replacing, Print a datasheet. Queries - MS-Access.

Textbook 1: Chapter 4

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk& board, Practical based learning.
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Module-5

Microsoft Outlook- Introduction, Starting Microsoft Outlook, Outlook Today, Different Views In Outlook, Outlook Data Files

Textbook 1: Chapter 7

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, MOOC
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Course Outcomes (Course Skill Set):

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Know the basics of computers and prepare documents, spreadsheets, make small presentations with audio, video and graphs and would be acquainted with internet.
- CO 2. Create, edit, save and print documents with list tables, header, footer, graphic, spellchecker, mail merge and grammar checker
- CO 3. Attain the knowledge about spreadsheet with formula, macros spell checker etc.
- CO 4. Demonstrate the ability to apply application software in an office environment.
- CO 5. Use Google Suite for office data management tasks

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each course. The student has to secure not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE).

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):

NOTE: List of experiments to be prepared by the faculty based on the syllabus mentioned above
CIE marks for the practical course is 50 Marks.

The split-up of CIE marks for record/ journal and test are in the ratio 60:40.

- Each experiment to be evaluated for conduction with observation sheet and record write-up. Rubrics for the evaluation of the journal/write-up for hardware/software experiments designed by the faculty who is handling the laboratory session and is made known to students at the beginning of the practical session.
- Record should contain all the specified experiments in the syllabus and each experiment write-up will be evaluated for 10 marks.
- Total marks scored by the students are scaled down to 30 marks (60% of maximum marks).
- Weightage to be given for neatness and submission of record/write-up on time.
- Department shall conduct 02 tests for 100 marks, the first test shall be conducted after the 8th week of the semester and the second test shall be conducted after the 14th week of the semester.
- In each test, test write-up, conduction of experiment, acceptable result, and procedural knowledge will carry a weightage of 60% and the rest 40% for viva-voce.
- The suitable rubrics can be designed to evaluate each student's performance and learning ability. Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book
- The average of 02 tests is scaled down to 20 marks (40% of the maximum marks).

The Sum of scaled-down marks scored in the report write-up/journal and average marks of two tests is the total CIE marks scored by the student.

Semester End Evaluation (SEE):

- SEE marks for the practical course is 50 Marks.
- SEE shall be conducted jointly by the two examiners of the same institute, examiners are appointed by the University
- All laboratory experiments are to be included for practical examination.
- (Rubrics) Breakup of marks and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script to be strictly adhered to by the examiners. OR based on the course requirement evaluation rubrics shall be decided jointly by examiners.
- Students can pick one question (experiment) from the questions lot prepared by the internal /external examiners jointly.
- Evaluation of test write-up/ conduction procedure and result/viva will be conducted jointly by examiners.
- General rubrics suggested for SEE are mentioned here, writeup-20%, Conduction procedure and result in -60%, Viva-voce 20% of maximum marks. SEE for practical shall be evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks (however, based on course type, rubrics shall be decided by the examiners)
- The duration of SEE is 02 hours

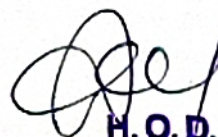
Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

1. <https://youtu.be/9VRmgC2GRFE>
2. <https://youtu.be/rjPWl5x0g3l>
3. <https://youtu.be/tcj2BhhCMN4>
4. <https://youtu.be/ubmwp8kbhPc>
5. <https://youtu.be/i6eNvfQ8fTw>
6. <http://office.microsoft.com/en-us/training/CR010047968.aspx>
7. <https://gsuite.google.com/learning-center>
8. <http://spoken-tutorial.org>

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- Real world problem solving using group discussion.
- Real world examples of Windows Framework.



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PROGRAMMING IN C++			
Course Code	21CS382	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	1:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	12	Total Marks	100
Credits	01	Exam Hours	01
Course Objectives: CLO 1. Understanding about object oriented programming and Gain knowledge about the capability to store information together in an object. CLO 2. Understand the capability of a class to rely upon another class and functions. CLO 3. Understand about constructors which are special type of functions. CLO 4. Create and process data in files using file I/O functions CLO 5. Use the generic programming features of C++ including Exception handling.			
Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions) These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes. <ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Lecturer method (L) need not to be only a traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different circuits/logic and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.			
Module-1			
Introduction to Object Oriented Programming: Computer programming background- C++ overview- First C++ Program -Basic C++ syntax, Object Oriented Programming: What is an object, Classes, methods and messages, abstraction and encapsulation, inheritance, abstract classes, polymorphism.			
Textbook 1: Chapter 1(1.1 to 1.8)			
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, practical based learning		
Module-2			
Functions in C++: Tokens – Keywords – Identifiers and constants – Operators in C++ – Scope resolution operator – Expressions and their types – Special assignment expressions – Function prototyping – Call by reference – Return by reference – Inline functions -Default arguments – Function overloading.			
Textbook 2: Chapter 3(3.2,3.3,3.4,3.13,3.14,3.19, 3.20) , chapter 4(4.3,4.4,4.5,4.6,4.7,4.9)			
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration, presentation, problem solving		
Module-3			
Inheritance & Polymorphism: Derived class Constructors, destructors-Types of Inheritance- Defining Derived classes, Single Inheritance, Multiple, Hierarchical Inheritance, Hybrid Inheritance.			
Textbook 2: Chapter 6 (6.2,6.11) chapter 8 (8.1 to,8.8)			

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Demonstration, problem solving
Module-4	
I/O Streams: C++ Class Hierarchy- File Stream-Text File Handling- Binary File Handling during file operations.	
Textbook 1: Chapter 12(12.5) , Chapter 13 (13.6,13.7)	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Practical based learning, practical's
Module-5	
Exception Handling: Introduction to Exception - Benefits of Exception handling- Try and catch block- Throw statement- Pre-defined exceptions in C++ .	
Textbook 2: Chapter 13 (13.2 to13.6)	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, MOOC
Course Outcomes (Course Skill Set): At the end of the course the student will be able to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> CO 1. Able to understand and design the solution to a problem using object-oriented programming concepts. CO 2. Able to reuse the code with extensible Class types, User-defined operators and function Overloading. CO 3. Achieve code reusability and extensibility by means of Inheritance and Polymorphism CO 4. Identify and explore the Performance analysis of I/O Streams. CO 5. Implement the features of C++ including templates, exceptions and file handling for providing programmed solutions to complex problems. 	
Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE) The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together Continuous Internal Evaluation: Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester 2. Second test at the end of the 10th week of the semester 3. Third test at the end of the 15th week of the semester Two assignments each of 10 Marks <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester 5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for 20 Marks (duration 01 hours) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 6. At the end of the 13th week of the semester The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be scaled down to 50 marks (to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course). CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course. Semester End Examination: Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (duration 01 hours) SEE paper will be set for 50 questions of each of 01 marks. The pattern of the question paper is MCQ. The time allotted for SEE is 01 hours	

Textbooks

1. Bhushan Trivedi, "Programming with ANSI C++", Oxford Press, Second Edition, 2012.
2. Balagurusamy E, Object Oriented Programming with C++, Tata McGraw Hill Education Pvt.Ltd , Fourth Edition 2010.

Reference Books

1. Bhavé, " Object Oriented Programming With C++", Pearson Education , 2004.
2. Ray Lischner, "Exploring C++ : The programmer's introduction to C++" , apress, 2010
3. Bhavé, " Object Oriented Programming With C++", Pearson Education , 2004

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

1. Basics of C++ - <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=BCIS40yzssA>
2. Functions of C++ - <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=p8ehAjZWjPw>

Tutorial Link:

1. https://www.w3schools.com/cpp/cpp_intro.asp
2. <https://www.edx.org/course/introduction-to-c-3>

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- Demonstration of simple projects



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B.E COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ALLIED ENGINEERING BRANCHES**Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) and Outcome-Based Education (OBE)****(Effective from the academic year 2022-2023)****SEMESTER – IV****Mathematical Foundations for Computing, Probability & Statistics**

Course Code	21MATCS41	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L: T:P)	2:2:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Number of Contact Hours	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	3

Course Objectives:

This course(21MATCS41) will enable students to:

1. Understand an intense foundational introduction to fundamental concepts in discrete mathematics.
2. Interpret, identify, and solve the language associated with logical structure, sets, relations and functions, modular arithmetic.
3. To have insight into Statistical methods, Correlation and regression analysis. Fitting of curves.
4. To develop probability distribution of discrete and continuous random variables. Joint probability distribution occurs in digital signal processing, design engineering and microwave engineering.

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions):

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

1. In addition to the traditional lecture method, different types of innovative teaching methods may be adopted so that the delivered lessons shall develop students' theoretical and applied mathematical skills.
2. State the need for Mathematics with Engineering Studies and Provide real-life examples.
3. Support and guide the students for self-study.
4. You will also be responsible for assigning homework, grading assignments and quizzes, and documenting students' progress.
5. Encourage the students for group learning to improve their creative and analytical skills.
6. Show short related video lectures in the following ways:
 - As an introduction to new topics (pre-lecture activity).
 - As a revision of topics (post-lecture activity).
 - As additional examples (post-lecture activity).
 - As an additional material of challenging topics (pre-and post-lecture activity).As a model solution for some exercises (post-lecture activity).

Module - 1	
Fundamentals of Logic: Basic connectives and truth tables, Logical equivalence – The laws of Logic, Logical implication – Rules of Inference. Fundamentals of Logic contd.: The Use of Quantifiers, Quantifiers, Definitions, and the Proofs of Theorems. (8 Hours) Self-study: Problems on Logical equivalence. (RBT Levels: L1, L2 and L3)	
Pedagogy	Chalk and Board, Problem based learning
Module - 2	
Relations and Functions: Cartesian Products and Relations, Functions – Plain and One-to-One, Onto Functions. Function Composition, and Inverse Functions. Relations: Properties of Relations, Computer Recognition – Zero-One Matrices and Directed Graphs, Partial Orders – Hasse Diagrams, Equivalence Relations and Partitions. Introduction to Graph Theory: Definitions and Examples, Subgraphs, Complements, and Graph Isomorphism, Vertex Degree, Euler Trails and Circuits. (8 Hours) Self-study: The Pigeon-hole Principle, problems and its applications (RBT Levels: L1, L2 and L3)	
Pedagogy	Chalk and Board, Problem based learning
Module - 3	
Statistical Methods: Correlation and regression-Karl Pearson's coefficient of correlation and rank correlation-problems. Regression analysis- lines of regression –problems. Curve Fitting: Curve fitting by the method of least squares- fitting the curves of the form- $y = ax + b$, $y = ax^b$ and $y = ax^2 + bx + c$ (8 Hours) Self-study: Angle between two regression lines, problems. Fitting of the curve $y = ab^x$ (RBT Levels: L1, L2 and L3)	
Pedagogy	Chalk and Board, Problem based learning
Module - 4	
Probability Distributions: Review of basic probability theory. Random variables (discrete and continuous), probability mass and density functions. Mathematical expectation, mean and variance. Binomial, Poisson and normal distributions- problems (derivations for mean and standard deviation for Binomial and Poisson distributions only)-Illustrative examples. Self-study: exponential distribution. (8 Hours) (RBT Levels: L1, L2 and L3)	
Pedagogy	Chalk and Board, Problem based learning
Module - 5	
Joint probability distribution: Joint Probability distribution for two discrete random variables, expectation, covariance and correlation. Sampling Theory: Introduction to sampling distributions, standard error, Type-I and Type-II errors. Test of hypothesis for means, student's t-distribution, Chi-square distribution as a test of goodness of fit. (8 Hours) Self-Study: Point estimation and interval estimation. (RBT Levels: L1, L2 and L3)	
Pedagogy	Chalk and Board, Problem based learning

Course Outcomes

Course Outcomes: At the end of the courses, the students will be able to:

1. Apply the concepts of logic for effective computation and relating problems in the Engineering domain.
2. Analyse the concepts of functions and relations to various fields of Engineering. Comprehend the concepts of Graph Theory for various applications of Computational sciences.
3. Apply discrete and continuous probability distributions in analysing the probability models arising in the engineering field.
4. Make use of the correlation and regression analysis to fit a suitable mathematical model for the statistical data.
5. Construct joint probability distributions and demonstrate the validity of testing the hypothesis.

ASSESSMENT PATTERN (BOTH CIE AND SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 100%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (400 marks out of 100). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements if the student secures not less than 40% (40 Marks out of 100) in the CIE.

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)

1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester
2. Second test at the end of the 10th week of the semester
3. Third test at the end of the 15th week of the semester

Two assignments each of 10 Marks

4. First assignment at the end of the 4th week of the semester
5. Second assignment at the end of the 9th week of the semester

Course Seminar suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for 20 Marks (duration 01 hours)

Or

Learning MATHS tools and solving a few problems from each module using MATHS tools (e.g. MATLAB, SciLab etc)

6. Conducting at least 05 labs sessions within the Academic Duration.

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and a seminar/Lab sessions using MATHS tools will be out of 100 marks.

The student shall secure minimum 40% of marks of course to qualify and become eligible for award of degree.

Textbooks:

1. Ralph P. Grimaldi and B V Ramana, Discrete and Combinatorial Mathematics- An Applied Introduction, Pearson Education, Asia, Fifth edition – 2007. ISBN 978-81-7758-424-0.
2. Higher Engineering Mathematics B. S. Grewal Khanna Publishers 44th Edition, 2017

References:

3. Kenneth H. Rosen, Discrete Mathematics and its Applications, Tata – McGraw Hill, Sixth Edition, Sixth reprint 2008. ISBN-(13):978-0-07-064824-1.
4. C. L. Liu and D P Mohapatra, Elementary Discrete Mathematics, Tata- McGraw Hill, Sixth Edition, ISBN:10:0-07-066913-9.
5. J.P. Tremblay and R. Manohar, Discrete Mathematical Structures with Applications to Computer Science, Tata – McGraw Hill, 35TH reprint 2008. ISBN 13:978-0-07-463113-3.
6. Advanced Engineering Mathematics C. Ray Wylie, Louis C.Barrett McGraw-Hill 6th Edition 1995
7. Higher Engineering Mathematics B. V. Ramana McGraw-Hill 11th Edition, 2010
8. A Text-Book of Engineering Mathematics N. P. Bali and Manish Goyal Laxmi Publications 2014
9. Advanced Engineering Mathematics Chandrika Prasad and Reena Garg Khanna Publishing, 2018

List of NPTEL videos for various topics of Discrete Mathematical Structures

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=9AUCdsm8GmA&list=PL0862D1A947252D20&index=10>

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=oU60TuGHxe0&list=PL0862D1A947252D20&index=11>

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v= BIKq9Xo 5A&list=PL0862D1A947252D20&index=13>

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=RMLR2JHHeWo&list=PL0862D1A947252D20&index=14>

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=nf9e0 ylGdc&list=PL0862D1A947252D20&index=15>

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=7cTWea9YAJE&list=PL0862D1A947252D20&index=24>

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=695iAm935cY&list=PL0862D1A947252D20&index=25>

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ZECJHfsf4Vs&list=PL0862D1A947252D20&index=26>

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Dsi7x-A89Mw&list=PL0862D1A947252D20&index=28>

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=xlUFkMKS83Y&list=PL0862D1A947252D20>

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=0uTE24o3q-o&list=PL0862D1A947252D20&index=2>

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=DmCltf8ypks&list=PL0862D1A947252D20&index=3>

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=jNeISigUCo0&list=PL0862D1A947252D20&index=4>

<http://nptel.ac.in/courses.php?disciplineID=111>

[http://www.class-central.com/subject/math\(MOOCs\)](http://www.class-central.com/subject/math(MOOCs))

<http://academicearth.org/>

VTU EDUSAT PROGRAMME - 20

Activity-Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- Quizzes
- Assignments
- Seminars



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IV Semester

DESIGN AND ANALYSIS OF ALGORITHMS			
Course Code	21CS42	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40 T + 20 P	Total Marks	100
Credits	04	Exam Hours	03
Course Learning Objectives:			
CLO 1. Explain the methods of analysing the algorithms and to analyze performance of algorithms.			
CLO 2. State algorithm's efficiencies using asymptotic notations.			
CLO 3. Solve problems using algorithm design methods such as the brute force method, greedy method, divide and conquer, decrease and conquer, transform and conquer, dynamic programming, backtracking and branch and bound.			
CLO 4. Choose the appropriate data structure and algorithm design method for a specified application.			
CLO 5. Introduce P and NP classes.			
Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)			
These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.			
<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Lecturer method (L) does not mean only traditional lecture method, but different type of teaching methods may be adopted to develop the outcomes.2. Show Video/animation films to explain functioning of various concepts.3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop thinking skills such as the ability to evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.6. Topics will be introduced in a multiple representation.7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.			
Module-1			
Introduction: What is an Algorithm? It's Properties. Algorithm Specification-using natural language, using Pseudo code convention, Fundamentals of Algorithmic Problem solving, Analysis Framework-Time efficiency and space efficiency, Worst-case, Best-case and Average case efficiency.			
Performance Analysis: Estimating Space complexity and Time complexity of algorithms.			
Asymptotic Notations: Big-Oh notation (O), Omega notation (Ω), Theta notation (Θ) with examples, Basic efficiency classes, Mathematical analysis of Non-Recursive and Recursive Algorithms with Examples.			
Brute force design technique: Selection sort, sequential search, string matching algorithm with complexity Analysis.			
Textbook 1: Chapter 1 (Sections 1.1,1.2), Chapter 2(Sections 2.1,2.2,2.3,2.4), Chapter 3(Section 3.1,3.2)			
Textbook 2: Chapter 1(section 1.1,1.2,1.3)			

Laboratory Component:

1. Sort a given set of n integer elements using Selection Sort method and compute its time complexity. Run the program for varied values of $n > 5000$ and record the time taken to sort. Plot a graph of the time taken versus n . The elements can be read from a file or can be generated using the random number generator. Demonstrate using C++/Java how the brute force method works along with its time complexity analysis: worst case, average case and best case.

Teaching-Learning Process

1. Problem based Learning.
2. Chalk & board, Active Learning.
3. Laboratory Demonstration.

Module-2

Divide and Conquer: General method, Recurrence equation for divide and conquer, solving it using Master's theorem, Divide and Conquer algorithms and complexity Analysis of Finding the maximum & minimum, Binary search, Merge sort, Quick sort.

Decrease and Conquer Approach: Introduction, Insertion sort, Graph searching algorithms, Topological Sorting. It's efficiency analysis.

Textbook 2: Chapter 3 (Sections 3.1, 3.3, 3.4, 3.5, 3.6)

Textbook 1: Chapter 4 (Sections 4.1, 4.2, 4.3), Chapter 5 (Section 5.1, 5.2, 5.3)

Laboratory Component:

1. Sort a given set of n integer elements using Quick Sort method and compute its time complexity. Run the program for varied values of $n > 5000$ and record the time taken to sort. Plot a graph of the time taken versus n . The elements can be read from a file or can be generated using the random number generator. Demonstrate using C++/Java how the divide-and-conquer method works along with its time complexity analysis: worst case, average case and best case.
2. Sort a given set of n integer elements using Merge Sort method and compute its time complexity. Run the program for varied values of $n > 5000$, and record the time taken to sort. Plot a graph of the time taken versus n . The elements can be read from a file or can be generated using the random number generator. Demonstrate using C++/Java how the divide-and-conquer method works along with its time complexity analysis: worst case, average case and best case.

Teaching-Learning Process

1. Chalk & board, Active Learning, MOOC, Problem based Learning.
2. Laboratory Demonstration.

Module-3

Greedy Method: General method, Coin Change Problem, Knapsack Problem, solving Job sequencing with deadlines Problems.

Minimum cost spanning trees: Prim's Algorithm, Kruskal's Algorithm with performance analysis.

Single source shortest paths: Dijkstra's Algorithm.

Optimal Tree problem: Huffman Trees and Codes.

Transform and Conquer Approach: Introduction, Heaps and Heap Sort.

Textbook 2: Chapter 4 (Sections 4.1, 4.3, 4.5)

Textbook 1: Chapter 9(Section 9.1,9.2,9.3,9.4), Chapter 6(section 6.4)	
Laboratory Component:	
Write & Execute C++/Java Program	
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. To solve Knapsack problem using Greedy method. 2. To find shortest paths to other vertices from a given vertex in a weighted connected graph, using Dijkstra's algorithm. 3. To find Minimum Cost Spanning Tree of a given connected undirected graph using Kruskal's algorithm. Use Union-Find algorithms in your program. 4. To find Minimum Cost Spanning Tree of a given connected undirected graph using Prim's algorithm. 	
Teaching-Learning Process	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Chalk & board, Active Learning, MOOC, Problem based Learning. 2. Laboratory Demonstration.
Module-4	
Dynamic Programming: General method with Examples, Multistage Graphs. Transitive Closure: Warshall's Algorithm. All Pairs Shortest Paths: Floyd's Algorithm, Knapsack problem, Bellman-Ford Algorithm, Travelling Sales Person problem. Space-Time Tradeoffs: Introduction, Sorting by Counting, Input Enhancement in String Matching- Harspool's algorithm. Textbook 2: Chapter 5 (Sections 5.1,5.2,5.4,5.9) Textbook 1: Chapter 8(Sections 8.2,8.4), Chapter 7 (Sections 7.1,7.2)	
Laboratory Component:	
Write C++ / Java programs to	
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Solve All-Pairs Shortest Paths problem using Floyd's algorithm. 2. Solve Travelling Sales Person problem using Dynamic programming. 3. Solve 0/1 Knapsack problem using Dynamic Programming method. 	
Teaching-Learning Process	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Chalk & board, Active Learning, MOOC, Problem based Learning. 2. Laboratory Demonstration.
Module-5	
Backtracking: General method, solution using back tracking to N-Queens problem, Sum of subsets problem, Graph coloring, Hamiltonian cycles Problems. Branch and Bound: Assignment Problem, Travelling Sales Person problem, 0/1 Knapsack problem NP-Complete and NP-Hard problems: Basic concepts, non- deterministic algorithms, P, NP, NP- Complete, and NP-Hard classes. Textbook 1: Chapter 12 (Sections 12.1,12.2) Chapter 11(11.3) Textbook 2: Chapter 7 (Sections 7.1,7.2,7.3,7.4,7.5) Chapter 11 (Section 11.1)	
Laboratory Component:	

1. Design and implement C++/Java Program to find a subset of a given set $S = \{S_1, S_2, \dots, S_n\}$ of n positive integers whose SUM is equal to a given positive integer d . For example, if $S = \{1, 2, 5, 6, 8\}$ and $d = 9$, there are two solutions $\{1, 2, 6\}$ and $\{1, 8\}$. Display a suitable message, if the given problem instance doesn't have a solution.
2. Design and implement C++/Java Program to find all Hamiltonian Cycles in a connected undirected Graph G of n vertices using backtracking principle.

Teaching-Learning Process

1. Chalk & board, Active Learning, MOOC, Problem based learning.
2. Laboratory Demonstration.

Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Analyze the performance of the algorithms, state the efficiency using asymptotic notations and analyze mathematically the complexity of the algorithm.
- CO 2. Apply divide and conquer approaches and decrease and conquer approaches in solving the problems analyze the same
- CO 3. Apply the appropriate algorithmic design technique like greedy method, transform and conquer approaches and compare the efficiency of algorithms to solve the given problem.
- CO 4. Apply and analyze dynamic programming approaches to solve some problems. and improve an algorithm time efficiency by sacrificing space.
- CO 5. Apply and analyze backtracking, branch and bound methods and to describe P, NP and NP-Complete problems.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)

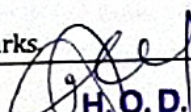
1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester
2. Second test at the end of the 10th week of the semester
3. Third test at the end of the 15th week of the semester

Two assignments each of 10 Marks

4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Practical Sessions need to be assessed by appropriate rubrics and viva-voce method. This will contribute to 20 marks.

- Rubrics for each Experiment taken average for all Lab components - 15 Marks


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MICROCONTROLLER AND EMBEDDED SYSTEMS			
Course Code	21CS43	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40 T + 20 P	Total Marks	100
Credits	04	Exam Hours	03
Course Learning Objectives:			
CLO 1: Understand the fundamentals of ARM-based systems, including programming modules with registers and the CPSR.			
CLO 2: Use the various instructions to program the ARM controller.			
CLO 3: Program various embedded components using the embedded C program.			
CLO 4: Identify various components, their purpose, and their application to the embedded system's applicability.			
CLO 5: Understand the embedded system's real-time operating system and its application in IoT.			
Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)			
These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.			
<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. The lecturer method (L) does not mean only the traditional lecture method, but different types of teaching methods may be adopted to develop the outcomes.2. Show video/animation films to explain the functioning of various concepts.3. Encourage collaborative (group learning) learning in the class.4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop thinking skills such as the ability to evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.6. Topics will be introduced in multiple representations.7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world, and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.			
Module-1			
Microprocessors versus Microcontrollers, ARM Embedded Systems: The RISC design philosophy, The ARM Design Philosophy, Embedded System Hardware, Embedded System Software.			
ARM Processor Fundamentals: Registers, Current Program Status Register, Pipeline, Exceptions, Interrupts, and the Vector Table, Core Extensions			
Textbook 1: Chapter 1 - 1.1 to 1.4, Chapter 2 - 2.1 to 2.5			
Laboratory Component:			
1. Using Keil software, observe the various registers, dump, CPSR, with a simple ALP programme.			
Teaching-Learning Process	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Demonstration of registers, memory access, and CPSR in a programme module.2. For concepts, numerical, and discussion, use chalk and a whiteboard, as well as a PowerPoint presentation.		
Module-2			
Introduction to the ARM Instruction Set: Data Processing Instructions , Branch Instructions, Software Interrupt Instructions, Program Status Register Instructions, Coprocessor Instructions, Loading Constants			

- **Viva-Voce- 5 Marks** (more emphasized on demonstration topics)

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and practical sessions will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have a less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks
2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

1. Introduction to the Design and Analysis of Algorithms, Anany Levitin: 2nd Edition, 2009. Pearson.
2. Computer Algorithms/C++, Ellis Horowitz, SatrajSahni and Rajasekaran, 2nd Edition, 2014, Universities Press.

Reference Books

1. Introduction to Algorithms, Thomas H. Cormen, Charles E. Leiserson, Ronal L. Rivest, Clifford Stein, 3rd Edition, PHI.
2. Design and Analysis of Algorithms, S. Sridhar, Oxford (Higher Education)

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

1. <http://elearning.vtu.ac.in/econtent/courses/video/CSE/06CS43.html>
2. <https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/101/106101060/>
3. <http://elearning.vtu.ac.in/econtent/courses/video/FEP/ADA.html>
4. <http://cse01-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/>
5. <http://openclassroom.stanford.edu/MainFolder/CoursePage.php?course=IntroToAlgorithms>

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

1. Real world problem solving and puzzles using group discussion. E.g., Fake coin identification, Peasant, wolf, goat, cabbage puzzle, Konigsberg bridge puzzle etc.,
2. Demonstration of solution to a problem through programming.

C Compilers and Optimization : Basic C Data Types, C Looping Structures, Register Allocation, Function Calls, Pointer Aliasing,

Textbook 1: Chapter 3: Sections 3.1 to 3.6 (Excluding 3.5.2), Chapter 5

Laboratory Component:

2. Write a program to find the sum of the first 10 integer numbers.
3. Write a program to find the factorial of a number.
4. Write a program to add an array of 16 bit numbers and store the 32 bit result in internal RAM.
5. Write a program to find the square of a number (1 to 10) using a look-up table.
6. Write a program to find the largest or smallest number in an array of 32 numbers.

Teaching-Learning Process

1. Demonstration of sample code using Keil software.
2. Laboratory Demonstration

Module-3

C Compilers and Optimization : Structure Arrangement, Bit-fields, Unaligned Data and Endianness, Division, Floating Point, Inline Functions and Inline Assembly, Portability Issues.

ARM programming using Assembly language: Writing Assembly code, Profiling and cycle counting, instruction scheduling, Register Allocation, Conditional Execution, Looping Constructs

Textbook 1: Chapter-5,6

Laboratory Component:

1. Write a program to arrange a series of 32 bit numbers in ascending/descending order.
2. Write a program to count the number of ones and zeros in two consecutive memory locations.
3. Display "Hello World" message using Internal UART.

Teaching-Learning Process

1. Demonstration of sample code using Keil software.
2. Chalk and Board for numerical

Module-4

Embedded System Components: Embedded Vs General computing system, History of embedded systems, Classification of Embedded systems, Major applications areas of embedded systems, purpose of embedded systems.

Core of an Embedded System including all types of processor/controller, Memory, Sensors, Actuators, LED, 7 segment LED display, stepper motor, Keyboard, Push button switch, Communication Interface (onboard and external types), Embedded firmware, Other system components.

Textbook 2: Chapter 1 (Sections 1.2 to 1.6), Chapter 2 (Sections 2.1 to 2.6)

Laboratory Component:

1. Interface and Control a DC Motor.
2. Interface a Stepper motor and rotate it in clockwise and anti-clockwise direction.
3. Determine Digital output for a given Analog input using Internal ADC of ARM controller.
4. Interface a DAC and generate Triangular and Square waveforms.
5. Interface a 4x4 keyboard and display the key code on an LCD.
6. Demonstrate the use of an external interrupt to toggle an LED On/Off.
7. Display the Hex digits 0 to F on a 7-segment LED interface, with an appropriate delay in between.

Teaching-Learning Process

1. Demonstration of sample code for various embedded components using keil.
2. Chalk and Board for numerical and discussion

Module-5

RTOS and IDE for Embedded System Design: Operating System basics, Types of operating systems, Task, process and threads (Only POSIX Threads with an example program), Thread preemption, Multiprocessing and Multitasking, Task Communication (without any program), Task synchronization issues – Racing and Deadlock, Concept of Binary and counting semaphores (Mutex example without any program), How to choose an RTOS, Integration and testing of Embedded hardware and firmware, Embedded system Development Environment – Block diagram (excluding Keil), Disassembler/decompiler, simulator, emulator and debugging techniques, target hardware debugging, boundary scan.

Textbook 2: Chapter-10 (Sections 10.1, 10.2, 10.3, 10.4, 10.7, 10.8.1.1, 10.8.1.2, 10.8.2.2, 10.10 only), Chapter 12, Chapter-13 (block diagram before 13.1, 13.3, 13.4, 13.5, 13.6 only)

Laboratory Component:

1. Demonstration of IoT applications by using Arduino and Raspberry Pi

Teaching-Learning Process

1. Chalk and Board for numerical and discussion
2. Significance of real time operating system[RTOS] using raspberry pi

Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Explain C-Compilers and optimization
- CO 2. Describe the ARM microcontroller's architectural features and program module.
- CO 3. Apply the knowledge gained from programming on ARM to different applications.
- CO 4. Program the basic hardware components and their application selection method.
- CO 5. Demonstrate the need for a real-time operating system for embedded system applications.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)

1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester
2. Second test at the end of the 10th week of the semester
3. Third test at the end of the 15th week of the semester

Two assignments each of 10 Marks

4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Practical Sessions need to be assessed by appropriate rubrics and viva-voce method. This will contribute to 20 marks.

- Rubrics for each Experiment taken average for all Lab components – 15 Marks.
- Viva-Voce– 5 Marks (more emphasized on demonstration topics)

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and practical sessions will be out of 100 marks and will be scaled down to 50 marks

(to have a less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

IV Semester

OPERATING SYSTEMS			
Course Code:	21CS44	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P:S)	2:020:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03
Course Objectives:			
CLO 1. Demonstrate the need for OS and different types of OS CLO 2. Apply suitable techniques for management of different resources CLO 3. Use processor, memory, storage and file system commands CLO 4. Realize the different concepts of OS in platform of usage through case studies			
Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)			
These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes. <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Lecturer methods (L) need not to be only traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes. 2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts. 3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class. 4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking. 5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it. 6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations. 7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them. 8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding. 			
Module-1			
Introduction to operating systems, System structures: What operating systems do; Computer System organization; Computer System architecture; Operating System structure; Operating System operations; Process management; Memory management; Storage management; Protection and Security; Distributed system; Special-purpose systems; Computing environments.			
Operating System Services: User - Operating System interface; System calls; Types of system calls; System programs; Operating system design and implementation; Operating System structure; Virtual machines; Operating System generation; System boot.			
Process Management: Process concept; Process scheduling; Operations on processes; Inter process communication			
Textbook 1: Chapter - 1,2,3			
Teaching-Learning Process		Active learning and problem solving 1. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=vBURt97EkA&list=PLBlNk6fEYqRiVhbXDGLXDk_OQAeuVcp2Q 2. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=a2B69vCtjOU&list=PL3-wYxbt4yCjpcfUDz-TgD_ainZ2K3MUZ&index=2	
Module-2			

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (duration 03 hours)

1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks
2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), should have a mix of topics under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

1. Andrew N Sloss, Dominic Symes and Chris Wright, ARM system developers guide, Elsevier, Morgan Kaufman publishers, 2008.
2. Shibu K V, "Introduction to Embedded Systems", Tata McGraw Hill Education, Private Limited, 2nd Edition.

Reference Books

1. Raghunandan. G.H, Microcontroller (ARM) and Embedded System, Cengage learning Publication, 2019
2. The Insider's Guide to the ARM7 Based Microcontrollers, Hitex Ltd., 1st edition, 2005.
3. Steve Furber, ARM System-on-Chip Architecture, Second Edition, Pearson, 2015.
4. Raj Kamal, Embedded System, Tata McGraw-Hill Publishers, 2nd Edition, 2008.

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Identify the structure of an operating system and its scheduling mechanism.
- CO 2. Demonstrate the allocation of resources for a process using scheduling algorithm.
- CO 3. Identify root causes of deadlock and provide the solution for deadlock elimination
- CO 4. Explore about the storage structures and learn about the Linux Operating system.
- CO 5. Analyze Storage Structures and Implement Customized Case study

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)

- 1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester
- 2. Second test at the end of the 10th week of the semester
- 3. Third test at the end of the 15th week of the semester

Two assignments each of 10 Marks

- 4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
- 5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for 20 Marks (duration 01 hours)

- 6. At the end of the 13th week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be scaled down to 50 marks

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (duration 03 hours)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), should have a mix of topics under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

- 1. Abraham Silberschatz, Peter Baer Galvin, Greg Gagne, Operating System Principles 7th edition, Wiley-India, 2006

Reference Books

- 1. Ann McHoes Ida M Fylnn, Understanding Operating System, Cengage Learning, 6th Edition
- 2. D.M Dhamdhare, Operating Systems: A Concept Based Approach 3rd Ed, McGraw- Hill, 2013.
- 3. P.C.P. Bhatt, An Introduction to Operating Systems: Concepts and Practice 4th Edition, PHI(EEE), 2014.
- 4. William Stallings Operating Systems: Internals and Design Principles, 6th Edition, Pearson.

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

Multi-threaded Programming: Overview; Multithreading models; Thread Libraries; Threading issues. Process Scheduling: Basic concepts; Scheduling Criteria; Scheduling Algorithms; Multiple-processor scheduling; Thread scheduling.

Process Synchronization: Synchronization: The critical section problem; Peterson's solution; Synchronization hardware; Semaphores; Classical problems of synchronization; Monitors.

Textbook 1: Chapter - 4,5

Teaching-Learning Process

Active Learning and problem solving

1. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=HW2Wcx-ktsc>

2. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=9YRxlvt9Zo>

Module-3

Deadlocks: Deadlocks; System model; Deadlock characterization; Methods for handling deadlocks; Deadlock prevention; Deadlock avoidance; Deadlock detection and recovery from deadlock.

Memory Management: Memory management strategies: Background; Swapping; Contiguous memory allocation; Paging; Structure of page table; Segmentation.

Textbook 1: Chapter - 7,8

Teaching-Learning Process

Active Learning, Problem solving based on deadlock with animation

1. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=MYgmmJlfdBg>

2. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Y14b7_T3AEw&list=PLEJxKK7AcSEGPOCFtQTJhOEIU44JJAun&index=30

Module-4

Virtual Memory Management: Background; Demand paging; Copy-on-write; Page replacement; Allocation of frames; Thrashing.

File System, Implementation of File System: File system: File concept; Access methods; Directory structure; File system mounting; File sharing; Protection: Implementing File system: File system structure; File system implementation; Directory implementation; Allocation methods; Free space management.

Textbook 1: Chapter - 9,10,11

Teaching-Learning Process

Active learning about memory management and File system

1. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=pl6qrCB8pDw&list=PLIY8eNdW5tW-BxRY0yK3fYTYVqvtw8qhp>

2. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=-orFFhvNBzY>

Module-5

Secondary Storage Structures, Protection: Mass storage structures; Disk structure; Disk attachment; Disk scheduling; Disk management; Swap space management. Protection: Goals of protection, Principles of protection, Domain of protection, Access matrix, Implementation of access matrix, Access control, Revocation of access rights, Capability- Based systems.

Case Study: The Linux Operating System: Linux history; Design principles; Kernel modules; Process management; Scheduling; Memory Management; File systems, Input and output; Inter-process communication.

Textbook 1: Chapter - 2,21

Teaching-Learning Process

Active learning about case studies

1. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=TTBkc5eiju4>

2. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=8hkvMRGTzCM&list=PLEAYkSg4uSQ2PAch478muxnoeTNz_QeUI&index=36

3. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=mX1FEur4VCw>

Course Outcomes (Course Skill Set)

1. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=vBURTt97EkA&list=PLBlNk6fEyqRiVhbXDGLXDk_0QAe_uVcp2Q
2. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=783KAB-tuE4&list=PLIemF3uozcAKTgsClj82voMK3TMR0YE_f
3. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=3-ITLMMeeXY&list=PL3pGy4HtqwD0n7bQfHjPnsWzkeR-n6mkQ>

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- Real world problem solving using group discussion.
- Role play for process scheduling.
- Present animation for Deadlock.
- Real world examples of memory management concepts



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PYTHON PROGRAMMING LABORATORY			
Course Code	21CSL46	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Weeks (L: T: P: S)	0: 0: 2: 0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	24	Total Marks	100
Credits	01	Exam Hours	03
Course Objectives: CLO 1. Demonstrate the use of IDLE or PyCharm IDE to create Python Applications CLO 2. Using Python programming language to develop programs for solving real-world problems CLO 3. Implement the Object-Oriented Programming concepts in Python. CLO 4. Appraise the need for working with various documents like Excel, PDF, Word and Others CLO 5. Demonstrate regular expression using python programming			
Note: two hours tutorial is suggested for each laboratory sessions.			
Prerequisite			
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Students should be familiarized about Python installation and setting Python environment Usage of IDLE or IDE like PyCharm should be introduced Python Installation: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Kn1HF3oD19c PyCharm Installation: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=SZUNUB6nz3g			
Sl. No.	PART A - List of problems for which student should develop program and execute in the Laboratory		
1	Aim: Introduce the Python fundamentals, data types, operators, flow control and exception handling in Python a) Write a python program to find the best of two test average marks out of three test's marks accepted from the user. b) Develop a Python program to check whether a given number is palindrome or not and also count the number of occurrences of each digit in the input number. Datatypes: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=gCCVsvgR2KU Operators: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=v5MR5JnKcZI Flow Control: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=PqFKRqpHrjw For loop: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=0ZvaDa8eT5s While loop: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=HZARlmviDxg Exceptions: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=6SPDvPK38tw		
2	Aim: Demonstrating creation of functions, passing parameters and return values a) Defined as a function F as $F_n = F_{n-1} + F_{n-2}$. Write a Python program which accepts a value for N (where $N > 0$) as input and pass this value to the function. Display suitable error message if the condition for input value is not followed. b) Develop a python program to convert binary to decimal, octal to hexadecimal using functions. Functions: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=BVfCWuca9nw Arguments: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ijXMGpoMkhQ Return value: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=nuNXiEDnM44		
3	Aim: Demonstration of manipulation of strings using string methods a) Write a Python program that accepts a sentence and find the number of words, digits, uppercase letters and lowercase letters.		

	<p>b) Write a Python program to find the string similarity between two given strings</p> <table border="0"> <tr> <td>Sample Output:</td><td>Sample Output:</td></tr> <tr> <td>Original string:</td><td>Original string:</td></tr> <tr> <td>Python Exercises</td><td>Python Exercises</td></tr> <tr> <td>Python Exercises</td><td>Python Exercise</td></tr> <tr> <td>Similarity between two said strings:</td><td>Similarity between two said strings:</td></tr> <tr> <td>1.0</td><td>0.967741935483871</td></tr> </table> <p>Strings: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ISltwlnF0eU String functions: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=9a3CxJyTq00</p>	Sample Output:	Sample Output:	Original string:	Original string:	Python Exercises	Python Exercises	Python Exercises	Python Exercise	Similarity between two said strings:	Similarity between two said strings:	1.0	0.967741935483871
Sample Output:	Sample Output:												
Original string:	Original string:												
Python Exercises	Python Exercises												
Python Exercises	Python Exercise												
Similarity between two said strings:	Similarity between two said strings:												
1.0	0.967741935483871												
4	<p>Aim: Discuss different collections like list, tuple and dictionary</p> <p>a) Write a python program to implement insertion sort and merge sort using lists b) Write a program to convert roman numbers in to integer values using dictionaries.</p> <p>Lists: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Eaz5e6M8tL4 List methods: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=8-RDVWGktul Tuples: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=bdS4dHIJGBc Tuple operations: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=TltKabcTTQ4 Dictionary: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=4Q0pW8XB0kc Dictionary methods: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=oLeNHuORpNY</p>												
5	<p>Aim: Demonstration of pattern recognition with and without using regular expressions</p> <p>a) Write a function called isphonenum() to recognize a pattern 415-555-4242 without using regular expression and also write the code to recognize the same pattern using regular expression. b) Develop a python program that could search the text in a file for phone numbers (+919900889977) and email addresses (sample@gmail.com)</p> <p>Regular expressions: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=LnzFnZfHLS4</p>												
6	<p>Aim: Demonstration of reading, writing and organizing files.</p> <p>a) Write a python program to accept a file name from the user and perform the following operations</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Display the first N line of the file 2. Find the frequency of occurrence of the word accepted from the user in the file <p>b) Write a python program to create a ZIP file of a particular folder which contains several files inside it.</p> <p>Files: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=vuyb7CxZgbU https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=FqcjKewJTQ0</p> <p>File organization: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=MRuq3SRXses</p>												
7	<p>Aim: Demonstration of the concepts of classes, methods, objects and inheritance</p>												

	<p>a) By using the concept of inheritance write a python program to find the area of triangle, circle and rectangle.</p> <p>b) Write a python program by creating a class called Employee to store the details of Name, Employee_ID, Department and Salary, and implement a method to update salary of employees belonging to a given department.</p> <p>OOP's concepts: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=qiSCMNbIP2g Inheritance: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Cn7AkDb4pIU</p>
8	<p>Aim: Demonstration of classes and methods with polymorphism and overriding</p> <p>a) Write a python program to find the whether the given input is palindrome or not (for both string and integer) using the concept of polymorphism and inheritance.</p> <p>Overriding: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=CcTzTulsoFk</p>
9	<p>Aim: Demonstration of working with excel spreadsheets and web scraping</p> <p>a) Write a python program to download the all XKCD comics</p> <p>b) Demonstrate python program to read the data from the spreadsheet and write the data in to the spreadsheet</p> <p>Web scraping: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ng2o98k983k</p> <p>Excel: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=nsKNPHJ9iPc</p>
10	<p>Aim: Demonstration of working with PDF, word and JSON files</p> <p>a) Write a python program to combine select pages from many PDFs</p> <p>b) Write a python program to fetch current weather data from the JSON file</p> <p>PDFs: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=q70xzDG6nls https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=JhQVD7Y1bsA https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=FcrW-ESdY-A</p> <p>Word files: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ZU3cSI51jWE</p> <p>JSON files: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=9N6a-VLBa2I</p>
Python (Full Course): https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=_uQrJ0TkZlc	
Pedagogy	For the above experiments the following pedagogy can be considered. Problem based learning, Active learning, MOOC, Chalk &Talk
PART B – Practical Based Learning	
A problem statement for each batch is to be generated in consultation with the co-examiner and student should develop an algorithm, program and execute the program for the given problem with appropriate outputs.	
Course Outcomes:	
CO 1. Demonstrate proficiency in handling of loops and creation of functions. CO 2. Identify the methods to create and manipulate lists, tuples and dictionaries. CO 3. Discover the commonly used operations involving regular expressions and file system. CO 4. Interpret the concepts of Object-Oriented Programming as used in Python. CO 5. Determine the need for scraping websites and working with PDF, JSON and other file formats.	

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each course. The student has to secure not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE). The student has to secure 40% of sum of the maximum marks of CIE and SEE to qualify in the course.

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):

CIE marks for the practical course is 50 Marks.

The split-up of CIE marks for record/ journal and test are in the ratio 60:40.

- Each experiment to be evaluated for conduction with observation sheet and record write-up. Rubrics for the evaluation of the journal/write-up for hardware/software experiments designed by the faculty who is handling the laboratory session and is made known to students at the beginning of the practical session.
- Record should contain all the specified experiments in the syllabus and each experiment write-up will be evaluated for 10 marks.
- Total marks scored by the students are scaled down to 30 marks (60% of maximum marks).
- Weightage to be given for neatness and submission of record/write-up on time.
- Department shall conduct 02 tests for 100 marks, the first test shall be conducted after the 8th week of the semester and the second test shall be conducted after the 14th week of the semester.
- In each test, test write-up, conduction of experiment, acceptable result, and procedural knowledge will carry a weightage of 60% and the rest 40% for viva-voce.
- The suitable rubrics can be designed to evaluate each student's performance and learning ability. Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book
- The average of 02 tests is scaled down to 20 marks (40% of the maximum marks).

The Sum of scaled-down marks scored in the report write-up/journal and average marks of two tests is the total CIE marks scored by the student.

Semester End Evaluation (SEE):

- SEE marks for the practical course is 50 Marks.
- SEE shall be conducted jointly by the two examiners of the same institute, examiners are appointed by the University
- All laboratory experiments are to be included for practical examination.
- (Rubrics) Breakup of marks and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script to be strictly adhered to by the examiners. OR based on the course requirement evaluation rubrics shall be decided jointly by examiners.
- Students can pick one question (experiment) from the questions lot prepared by the internal /external examiners jointly.
- Evaluation of test write-up/ conduction procedure and result/viva will be conducted jointly by examiners.
- General rubrics suggested for SEE are mentioned here, writeup-20%, Conduction procedure and result in -60%, Viva-voce 20% of maximum marks. SEE for practical shall be evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks (however, based on course type, rubrics shall be decided by the examiners)
- *Students can pick one experiment from the questions lot of PART A with equal choice to all the students in a batch. For PART B examiners should frame a question for each batch, student should*

develop an algorithm, program, execute and demonstrate the results with appropriate output for the given problem.

- *Weightage of marks for PART A is 80% and for PART B is 20%. General rubrics suggested to be followed for part A and part B.*
- *Change of experiment is allowed only once and Marks allotted to the procedure part to be made zero (Not allowed for Part B).*
- *The duration of SEE is 03 hours*

Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book

Textbooks:

1. Al Sweigart, "Automate the Boring Stuff with Python", 1st Edition, No Starch Press, 2015. (Available under CC-BY-NC-SA license at <https://automatetheboringstuff.com/>)
2. Reema Thareja "Python Programming Using Problem Solving Approach" Oxford University Press.
3. Allen B. Downey, "Think Python: How to Think Like a Computer Scientist", 2nd Edition, Green Tea Press, 2015. (Available under CC-BY-NC license at <http://greenteapress.com/thinkpython2/thinkpython2.pdf>)

Java Script – I: Object orientation and JavaScript; General syntactic characteristics; Primitives, Operations, and expressions; Screen output and keyboard input.

Textbook 1: Chapter 4(4.1 to 4.5)

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Practical based learning, practical's
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Module-5

Java Script – II: Control statements, Object creation and Modification; Arrays; Functions; Constructor; Pattern matching using expressions; Errors, Element access in JavaScript.

Textbook 1: Chapter 4(4.6 to 4.14)

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, MOOC
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Course Outcomes (Course Skill Set):

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Describe the fundamentals of web and concept of HTML.
- CO 2. Use the concepts of HTML, XHTML to construct the web pages.
- CO 3. Interpret CSS for dynamic documents.
- CO 4. Evaluate different concepts of JavaScript & Construct dynamic documents.
- CO 5. Design a small project with JavaScript and XHTML.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each course. The student has to secure not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE).

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):

NOTE: List of experiments to be prepared by the faculty based on the syllabus mentioned above
CIE marks for the practical course is 50 Marks.

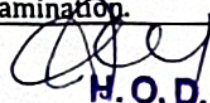
The split-up of CIE marks for record/ journal and test are in the ratio 60:40.

- Each experiment to be evaluated for conduction with observation sheet and record write-up. Rubrics for the evaluation of the journal/write-up for hardware/software experiments designed by the faculty who is handling the laboratory session and is made known to students at the beginning of the practical session.
- Record should contain all the specified experiments in the syllabus and each experiment write-up will be evaluated for 10 marks.
- Total marks scored by the students are scaled down to 30 marks (60% of maximum marks).
- Weightage to be given for neatness and submission of record/write-up on time.
- Department shall conduct 02 tests for 100 marks, the first test shall be conducted after the 8th week of the semester and the second test shall be conducted after the 14th week of the semester.
- In each test, test write-up, conduction of experiment, acceptable result, and procedural knowledge will carry a weightage of 60% and the rest 40% for viva-voce.
- The suitable rubrics can be designed to evaluate each student's performance and learning ability. Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book
- The average of 02 tests is scaled down to 20 marks (40% of the maximum marks).

The Sum of scaled-down marks scored in the report write-up/journal and average marks of two tests is the total CIE marks scored by the student.

Semester End Evaluation (SEE):

- SEE marks for the practical course is 50 Marks.
- SEE shall be conducted jointly by the two examiners of the same institute, examiners are appointed by the University
- All laboratory experiments are to be included for practical examination.


H. O. D.

WEB PROGRAMMING (Practical based)			
Course Code	21CSL481	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	1:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	12T + 12P	Total Marks	100
Credits	01	Exam Hours	02
Course Objectives: CLO 1. Learn Web tool box and history of web browsers. CLO 2. Learn HTML, XHTML tags with utilizations. CLO 3. Know CSS with dynamic document utilizations. CLO 4. Learn JavaScript with Element access in JavaScript. CLO 5. Logically plan and develop web pages..			
Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions) These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes. <ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Lecturer method (L) need not to be only a traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different circuits/logic and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.			
Module-1			
Introduction to WEB Programming: Internet, WWW, Web Browsers, and Web Servers, URLs, MIME, HTTP, Security, The Web Programmers Toolbox.			
Textbook 1: Chapter 1(1.1 to 1.9)			
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, practical based learning		
Module-2			
HTML and XHTML: Origins of HTML and XHTML, Basic syntax, Standard XHTML document structure, Basic text markup, Images, Hypertext Links, Lists, Tables, Forms, Frames in HTML and XHTML, Syntactic differences between HTML and XHTML.			
Textbook 1: Chapter 2(2.1 to 2.10)			
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration, presentation, problem solving		
Module-3			
CSS: Introduction, Levels of style sheets, Style specification formats, Selector forms, Property value forms, Font properties, List properties, Color, Alignment of text, Background images, tags.			
Textbook 1: Chapter 3(3.1 to 3.12)			
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Demonstration, problem solving		
Module-4			

- (Rubrics) Breakup of marks and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script to be strictly adhered to by the examiners. OR based on the course requirement evaluation rubrics shall be decided jointly by examiners.
- Students can pick one question (experiment) from the questions lot prepared by the internal /external examiners jointly.
- Evaluation of test write-up/ conduction procedure and result/viva will be conducted jointly by examiners.
- General rubrics suggested for SEE are mentioned here, writeup-20%, Conduction procedure and result in -60%, Viva-voce 20% of maximum marks. SEE for practical shall be evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks (however, based on course type, rubrics shall be decided by the examiners)
- The duration of SEE is 02 hours

Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book

Textbooks

1. Robert W Sebesta, "Programming the World Wide Web", 6th Edition, Pearson Education, 2008.

Reference Books

1. M.Deitel, P.J.Deitel, A.B.Goldberg, "Internet & World Wide Web How to program", 3rd Edition, Pearson Education / PHI, 2004.
2. Chris Bates, "Web Programming Building Internet Applications", 3rd Edition, Wiley India, 2006.
3. Xue Bai et al, "The Web Warrior Guide to Web Programming", Thomson, 2003.
4. Sklar, "The Web Warrior Guide to Web Design Technologies", 1st Edition, Cengage Learning India

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

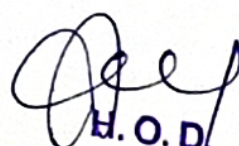
1. Fundamentals of WEB Programming: <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=DR9dr6gxhDM>
2. HTML and XHTML: <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=A1XIIDDxgwg>
3. CSS: <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=J35jug1uHzE>
4. Java Script and HTML Documents: <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Gd0RBdFRvF0>
5. Dynamic Documents with JavaScript: <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=HTESIHALNKc>

Tutorial Link:

1. <http://www.tutorialspoint.com>
2. <http://www.w3schools.com>

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- Demonstration of simple projects


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IV Semester

UNIX SHELL PROGRAMMING			
Course Code	21CS482	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	1:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	12	Total Marks	100
Credits	01	Exam Hours	01
Course Objectives:			
CLO 1. To help the students to understand effective use of Unix concepts, commands and terminology.			
CLO 2. Identify, access, and evaluate UNIX file system.			
CLO 3. Understand UNIX command syntax and semantics.			
CLO 4. Ability to read and understand specifications, scripts and programs.			
CLO 5. Analyze Facility with UNIX Process.			
Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)			
These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.			
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Lecturer method (L) need not to be only a traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes. 2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts. 3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class. 4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking. 5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it. 6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations. 7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different circuits/logic and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them. 8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding. 			
Module-1			
Introduction of UNIX - Introduction, History, Architecture, Experience the Unix environment, Basic commands ls, cat, cal, date, calendar, who, printf, tty, sty, uname, passwd, echo, tput, and bc.			
Textbook 1: Chapter 1(1.1 to 1.4) , Chapter 2- 2.1			
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, practical based learning		
Module-2			
UNIX File System - The file, what's in a filename? The parent-child relationship, pwd, the Home directory, absolute pathnames, using absolute pathnames for a command, cd, mkdir, rmdir, Relative pathnames, The UNIX file system.			
Textbook 1: Chapter 4			
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration, presentation, problem solving		
Module-3			
Basic File Attributes - ls -l, the -d option, File Permissions, chmod, Security and File Permission, users and groups, security level, changing permission, user masks, changing ownership and group, File Attributes, More file attributes: hard link, symbolic link, umask, find.			
Textbook 1: Chapter 6			
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Demonstration, problem solving		
Module-4			

Introduction to the Shell Scripting - Introduction to Shell Scripting, Shell Scripts, read, Command Line Arguments, Exit Status of a Command, The Logical Operators && and ||, exit, if, and case conditions, expr, sleep and wait, while, until, for, \$, @, redirection. The here document, set, trap, Sample Validation and Data Entry Scripts.

Textbook 1: Chapter 11,12,14

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Practical based learning, practical's
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Module-5

Introduction to UNIX System process: Mechanism of process creation. Parent and child process. The ps command with its options. Executing a command at a specified point of time: at command. Executing a command periodically: cron command and the crontab file.. Signals.

Textbook 1: Chapter 9,19

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, MOOC
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Course Outcomes (Course Skill Set):

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Know the basics of Unix concepts and commands.
- CO 2. Evaluate the UNIX file system.
- CO 3. Apply Changes in file system.
- CO 4. Understand scripts and programs.
- CO 5. Analyze Facility with UNIX system process

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)

1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester
2. Second test at the end of the 10th week of the semester
3. Third test at the end of the 15th week of the semester

Two assignments each of 10 Marks

4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for 20 Marks (duration 01 hours)

6. At the end of the 13th week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be scaled down to 50 marks

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (duration 01 hours)

SEE paper will be set for 50 questions of each of 01 marks. The pattern of the question paper is MCQ. The time allotted for SEE is 01 hours

Textbooks

1. Unix Concepts & Applications 4th Edition, Sumitabha Das, Tata McGraw Hill

References:

2. Unix Shell Programming, Yashwant Kanetkar
3. Introduction to UNIX by M G Venkatesh Murthy.

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

1. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ffYUfAqEamY>
2. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Q05NZiYFcD0>
3. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=8GdT53KDlyY>
4. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?app=desktop&v=3Pga3y7rCgo>

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- Real world problem solving using group discussion.
- Real world examples of Linux operating system Utilizations.



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R PROGRAMMING (Practical based)			
Course Code	21CSL483	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	1:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	12T + 12P	Total Marks	100
Credits	01	Exam Hours	02
Course Objectives: CLO 1. Explore and understand how R and R Studio interactive environment. CLO 2. To learn and practice programming techniques using R programming. CLO 3. Read Structured Data into R from various sources. CLO 4. Understand the different data Structures, data types in R. CLO 5. To develop small applications using R Programming			
Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions) These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes. <ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Lecturer method (L) need not to be only a traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different circuits/logic and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.			
Module-1			
Numeric, Arithmetic, Assignment, and Vectors: R for Basic Math, Arithmetic, Variables, Functions, Vectors, Expressions and assignments Logical expressions.			
Textbook 1: Chapter 2(2.1 to 2.7)			
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, practical based learning		
Module-2			
Matrices and Arrays: Defining a Matrix, Sub-setting, Matrix Operations, Conditions and Looping: if statements, looping with for, looping with while, vector based programming.			
Textbook 1: Chapter 2- 2.8, chapter 3- 3.2 to 3.5			
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration, presentation, problem solving		
Module-3			
Lists and Data Frames: Data Frames, Lists, Special values, The apply family.			
Textbook 1: Chapter 6- 6.2 to 6.4			
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Demonstration, problem solving		
Module-4			
Functions: Calling functions, scoping, Arguments matching, writing functions: The function command, Arguments, specialized function.			
Textbook 1: Chapter 5- 5.1 to 5.6			

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Practical based learning, practical's
Module-5	
Pointers: packages, frames, de bugging, manipulation of code, compilation of the code.	
Textbook 1: Chapter 8- 8.1 to 8.8	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, MOOC
Course Outcomes (Course Skill Set): At the end of the course the student will be able to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> CO 1. To understand the fundamental syntax of R through readings, practice exercises, CO 2. To demonstrations, and writing R code. CO 3. To apply critical programming language concepts such as data types, iteration, CO 4. To understand control structures, functions, and Boolean operators by writing R programs and through examples CO 5. To import a variety of data formats into R using R-Studio CO 6. To prepare or tidy data for in preparation for analyze. 	
Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE) The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each course. The student has to secure not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE). Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE): <i>NOTE: List of experiments to be prepared by the faculty based on the syllabus mentioned above</i> CIE marks for the practical course is 50 Marks. The split-up of CIE marks for record/ journal and test are in the ratio 60:40. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Each experiment to be evaluated for conduction with observation sheet and record write-up. Rubrics for the evaluation of the journal/write-up for hardware/software experiments designed by the faculty who is handling the laboratory session and is made known to students at the beginning of the practical session. Record should contain all the specified experiments in the syllabus and each experiment write-up will be evaluated for 10 marks. Total marks scored by the students are scaled down to 30 marks (60% of maximum marks). Weightage to be given for neatness and submission of record/write-up on time. Department shall conduct 02 tests for 100 marks, the first test shall be conducted after the 8th week of the semester and the second test shall be conducted after the 14th week of the semester. In each test, test write-up, conduction of experiment, acceptable result, and procedural knowledge will carry a weightage of 60% and the rest 40% for viva-voce. The suitable rubrics can be designed to evaluate each student's performance and learning ability. Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book The average of 02 tests is scaled down to 20 marks (40% of the maximum marks). The Sum of scaled-down marks scored in the report write-up/journal and average marks of two tests is the total CIE marks scored by the student.	
Semester End Evaluation (SEE): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> SEE marks for the practical course is 50 Marks. SEE shall be conducted jointly by the two examiners of the same institute, examiners are appointed by the University All laboratory experiments are to be included for practical examination. (Rubrics) Breakup of marks and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script to be strictly adhered to by the examiners. OR based on the course requirement evaluation rubrics shall be decided jointly by examiners. 	